

Sectors Assessment Report for Environment and Climate Change Mainstreaming 2013-2014 2014-2015

Assessment of Integration and Implementation of Environment and Climate Change Activities into Development Sectors Plans and Programs

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We thank also all REMA staff for their contribution to the completion of this assessment.

FOREWORD

The mission of Rwanda Environment Management Authority (REMA) is to promote and

ensure the protection of the environment and sustainable management of natural resources

through decentralized structures of governance and seek national position to emerging

global issues with a view to enhancing the well-being of the Rwandan people.

The aforementioned mission cannot be achieved if stakeholders do not integrate

Environment and Climate change issues in their plans and programs. Sustainable

development is largely dependent upon successful integration of environment and climate

change into economic planning and decision making.

In line with the government guiding plans and strategies (Vision 2020, EDPRS2, and SSP)

and Millennium Development Goals (MDGs), environment and climate change were

identified as cross cutting issues. Therefore, REMA has committed to mainstream

environment and Climate change into all Sector ministries plans identified in EDPRS 2 and

District Development plans (DDPs).

As we go forward, it is imperative that we look back at sector achievements, key challenges

and issues that require special attention. The report provided by this assessment

2013/2014 and 2014/2015 serves that purpose. The information provided covers all

Sector clusters, their lead Ministries and associated institutions.

This assessment revealed that remarkable achievements have been made, even if there is

still a long way to go. I hope that the recommendations made in this report will prove useful

to all those concerned sectors to better plan for further achievements. It will also help them

in self-monitoring and evaluating the key Env. &CC outcome indicators lagging behind in

different sectors. Sector assessment will be conducted on every fiscal year basis.

I wish to express my gratitude to all the staff of REMA, to all lead Ministries and their

institutions and to all other stakeholders who have contributed to the production of this

assessment report.

Dr. Rose MUKANKOMEJE

Director General of REMA

ACRONYMS

DDPS : Districts Development Plans

EDPRS : Economic Development and Poverty Reduction Strategy

EIA : Environmental Impact AssessmentEMP : Environmental Management PlanENR : Environment and Natural Resources

Env.&CC : Environment and Climate Change

FONERWA: Rwanda's National Environment and Climate Change Fund

GDP : Gross Domestic Product

HEC : Higher Education Council

HLIs : Higher Learning Institutions

IDP : Integrated Development Program

LED : Local Economic Development

LWH : Land Husbandry, Water harvesting and Hillside irrigation

MIFOTRA : Ministry of Public Service and Labour

MIGEPROF : Ministry of Gender and Family Promotion

MINEDUC : Ministry of Education

MINICOM: Ministry of Trade and Industry

MINIJUST : Ministry of Justice

MININFRA: Ministry of Infrastructure

MINIRENA : Ministry of Natural Resources

MoH : Ministry of Ministry of Health

MYICT: Ministry of Youth and ICT.

NAEB : National Agricultural Export Development Board

NIRDA : Institute of Scientific and Technological Research (IRST)

NISR : National Institute of Statistics of Rwanda

NURC : National Unity and Reconciliation Commission

PFM : Public Finance Management
PSF : Private Sector Federation
RAB : Rwanda Agriculture Board
RDB : Rwanda Development Board
REB : Rwanda Education Board

REMA : Rwanda Environment Management Authority

RGB : Rwanda Governance Board

RNRA : Rwanda Natural Resource Authority

RSSP : Rural Sector Support Program

SAP : Single Action Plan

SEA : Strategic Environmental Impact Assessment

WDA : Workforce Development Authority

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Sustainable development is largely dependent upon successful integration of environment and climate change into economic planning and decision making. Environment and climate change mainstreaming involves establishing the links between poverty and environment including climate change and identifying plans and activities in line with environmental sustainability. The Government of Rwanda has committed to mainstream environment and climate change into national policies, plans and strategies. In that line, environment and climate change were identified as cross cutting issues in the Economic Development and Poverty Reduction Strategy II (EDPRS 2013-2018) towards achievement of the long-term Rwanda Vision 2020 and Millennium Development Goals (MDGs).

In order to implement the mandate of supervising, monitoring and ensuring that issues relating to environment are integrated in all national development programs, Rwanda Environment Management Authority (REMA) developed a check list and guidelines for mainstreaming environment and climate change issues into Sector Ministries and Districts Plans in line with EDPRS 2 and Green Growth Strategy. REMA also conducted several trainings for Sector Ministries and District's officials on environment and climate change mainstreaming.

In this context, REMA through the Department of Environmental Education and Mainstreaming conducted an assessment of integration and implementation of environment and climate change activities into the plans and programs of development sectors.

The overall purpose of this assessment is to assist Sector Ministries to enhance the integration and implementation of Env. &CC activities into their plans and reporting system, to ensure that environment and natural resources are utilized and managed sustainably in line with the EDPRS targets, MDGs and Vision 2020 aspirations.

The specific objectives are to:

- Evaluate the level of integration and implementation of environment and climate change activities in the sector annual action plans and reports for the fiscal year (2013-2014) and (2014-2015)
- Support sectors to integrate the Key Env. &CC indicators mentioned in the guidelines and checklist elaborated by REMA and shared by MINECOFIN in line with EDPRS II and Green Growth and Climate Change Resilient Strategy (GGCCRS).

This assessment report is not exhaustive but presents a summary of the progress made in 2013-2014/2014-2015 in the implementation of key environmental and climate change issues identified in key development sectors of economic, social and governance clusters. This report gives also some recommendations which could help Sectors to improve their future planning and reporting. It will also help REMA to improve the Monitoring and evaluation of Env. &CC mainstreaming in all sector clusters in the forthcoming fiscal years.

A. ECONOMIC SECTORS CLUSTER

The economic cluster covers the macro and financial sector alongside the economic sectors of Agriculture, Infrastructure (energy, water and sanitation, transport, housing and urbanization), Information Communication Technology, Private Sector Development and Youth as well as Environment and Natural Resources Management.

1.1 Agriculture sector

The agriculture sector is led by the Ministry of Agriculture and Animal Resources (MINAGRI) and its affiliated institutions namely Rwanda Agriculture Board (RAB), and National Agricultural Export Development Board (NAEB). The key service programs are Crop Intensification Program (CIP), Land Husbandry, Water harvesting and Hillside irrigation (LWH) project/Rural Sector Support Program (RSSP), One cow per poor family Program (GIRINKA), Post-Harvest Handling and Storage Task Force, Irrigation and Mechanisation Task Force, National Sericulture Centre, Agriculture and Livestock Inspection and Certification Services, Agricultural Information and Communication (CICA).

MINAGRI has a mission to initiate, develop and manage suitable programs of transformation and modernization of agriculture and livestock to ensure food security and to contribute to the national economy.

Under Vision 2020 and EDPRS II, agricultural sector remains amongst the major national economic growth pillar after service sector and industry sector. Agricultural sector contributed approximately 32.7 % of GDP in, provides 80 % of export earnings and employs about 88 % of economically active population.

The Strategic Environmental Assessment (SEA) for agriculture was developed to guide integration of environmental issues in policies, plans and programms.

1.2 Infrastructure sector

The infrastructure sector is under the Ministry of Infrastructure (MININFRA) and its affiliated institutions namely Rwanda Energy Group Limited (REG Ltd), Water and Sanitation Corporation Ltd (WASAC Ltd), Rwanda Housing Authority (RHA), Transport Development Agency (road, aviation and inland water transport).

1.3 Environment and Natural Resources sector

The Environment and Natural Resources (ENR) sector is covered by the Ministry of Natural Resources (MINIRENA). The affiliated institutions are Rwanda Environment Management Authority (REMA), Rwanda Natural Resource Authority (RNRA) and Rwanda Metrology Agency.

1.4 Private Sector Development and Youth

This sector is composed by the Private Sector Federation (PSF), Rwanda Development Board (RDB), Ministry of Trade and Industry (MINICOM) and the Ministry of Youth and ICT.

1.5 Public Finance Management

The Public Finance Management (PFM) sector is under the Ministry of Finance and Economic Planning (MINECOFIN) and its affiliated institution (National Institute of Statistics of Rwanda)

B. SOCIAL SECTOR CLUSTER

The Social Sectors Clusters covers 3 Sectors namely, Health (MoH) and Education (MINEDUC) and Social protection Sector (MINALOC and MIGEPROF)

1.6 Health Sector

The Health Sector is led by the Ministry of Health (MoH). Its affiliated institutions is Rwanda Biomedical Center (RBC). The key service programs are Maternal and Child Health Programs, Disease Control and Prevention Programs, and Health Promotion & Environmental Health programs.

The Environmental Health Program consists of a variety of interventions, such as food safety, drinking water quality surveillance, health care waste management and injection safety, hygiene inspection, hygiene behaviour change, occupational health and safety, indoor air pollution, and climate change, natural disasters and emergency environmental health intervention.

The health sector also has an influence on the enabling environment for economic and social transformation as envisioned by the EDPRS II, aiming to contribute, among others, to a reduction in the fertility rate, which will help ease the demographic pressure in the country (MoH,2015).

1.7 Education Sector

The Education Sector is led by the Ministry of Education (MINEDUC). Its affiliated institutions are Rwanda Education Board (REB), Higher Education Council (HEC), Workforce Development Authority (WDA and Higher Learning Institutions (HLI). The main programs are Pre-Primary, Primary, Lower Secondary, Upper Secondary, Girls' Education, Special Needs Education, School Sports and Culture, School Health and Environment, TVET and Higher Education.

1.8 Social Protection Sector

The social protection Sector includes Ministry of Gender and Family Promotion (MIGEPROF) and her affiliated institutions (Gender Monitoring Office, National Women Council and National Commission for Children) and Ministry of Local Government (MINALOC).

Gender equality and equity are not only a question of fundamental human rights and social justice, but are also instrumental and a precondition for environmental conservation, sustainable development and human security.

C. GOVERNANCE SECTOR CLUSTER

The Governance Sectors Clusters is composed by 2 Sectors namely Decentralisation and Justice, Reconciliation Law and Order.

1.9 Decentralisation Sector

The Decentralisation Sector Clusters is under MINALOC and Rwanda Governance Board (RGB)

1.10 Justice, Reconciliation Law and Order

The Justice, Reconciliation Law and Order is led by the Ministry of Justice (MINIJUST) and National Unity and Reconciliation Commission (NURC).

2. Key outcome indicators to be mainstreamed

As a guide to mainstreaming Environment and Climate Change (Env.&CC) into Sectors and District Plans, a checklist of key issues has been developed based on Green Growth and Climate Change Resilience Strategy (GGCCRS), EDPRS II targets, MDGs and Vision 2020 aspirations. Strategic interventions programs and outcome have been suggested, and some action/impact indicators necessary for assessing performance in mainstreaming the Env. &CC issues have been developed. The contributions of the various Sectors/institutions are identified with their roles and responsibilities assigned to them. It is expected that by taking up these roles, the various sectors will have successfully mainstreamed Env.&CC issues in their plans and programs.

In this assessment, we selected the key Env. &CC outcome indicators to evaluate the level of their integration and implementation in the planning and reporting document of the economic cluster:

Table 1: Key Env. &CC outcome indicators for Economic Sectors Cluster

Sector	Key Outcome indicators			
All sectors	Ensured that development activities carry out EIA			
	Ensured that Policies, Plans and Programs carry out SEA			
1.Agriculture	Promote Soil Conservation and Land Husbandry			
	Promoted Irrigation and Water Management			
	Promoted use of fertilizer enriched compost			
	Expanded Crop Varieties			
2.Infrastructure	Promoted development of alternative sources of renewable			
	Promoted energy efficient technologies			
	Increased access to electricity for rural industrialization and local			
	Increased access to safe drinking water			
	Increased access to basic sanitation facilities			
	Developed standards for basic housing			
	Promoted Green urbanization			
	Improved Efficiency in management of Government asset, works			
	Promoted Integrated Multi-mode Urban Transport			
3.Environment and Natural	Optimized land utilization and improved land administration			
Resources (ENR)	Integrated Approach to Planning and Sustainable Land Use			
1100001000 (2.111)	Rehabilitation of degraded ecosystems			
	Promoted Water security through efficiency and conservation			
	Improved Forest Management (IFM)			
	Integrated ENR concerns in local government plans and Budgets			
	Developed awareness programs for ENR promotion			
	Efficient and sustainable mineral exploration and exploitation			
	Climate Compatible Mining			
	Improved Disaster Mitigation, Preparedness			
4.Private Sector Development and	Create incentives to attract private investment in ENR			
Youth (PSDY)	Promoted Resource Efficient Industries			
10441 (1051)	Evaluate the role of ENR in macro-economic stability			
	Create alternative income-generating activities			
	Sustainable Youth entrepreneurship supported			
	Electronic waste treatment facilities increased in public			
5.Public Finance Management (PFM)	Evaluate contribution of ENR to gross domestic product (GDP)			

Table 2: Key Env. &CC outcome indicators for Social Sectors Cluster

Sector	Ministries/Insti tutions	Key Outcome indicators	
All sectors	All ministries	Ensured that development activities carry out EIA	
All Sectors	/Institutions	Ensured that Policies, Plans and Programs carry out SEA	
	MIGEPROF	Family campaign conducted	
6.Social	Gender Monitoring	Ensured support to vulnerable Groups	
Protection	Office MINALOC	Households settlement ¹ in Imidugudu in rural areas increased	
	MINISANTE	Reduced % of women and children with respiratory diseases	
	RBC	Reduced the rate of water borne diseases (diarrhea, cholera, meningitis).	
		Reduced the Prevalence rate of malaria	
		Reduced Mother-to-Child transmission of HIV	
7.Health		Improved control and prevention of respiratory diseases for worker exposed on air pollution	
		Ensured hygiene inspection	
		Ensured hygiene behaviour change	
		Increased % of health centers, Hospitals equipped with incinerators	
		Increased use of modern contraceptives	
	MINEDUC	Greening schools conducted	
		School health clubs monitored and Evaluated	
	REB	Env. & CC issues mainstreamed in education programs	
	Workforce Development Authority (WDA)	Technical Vocational Educational and Training (TVET)/Curriculum developed	
8.Education	Higher Learning Institutions (HLIs) Higher	Coordinated Capacity Building in Climate Science	
1 Hayraha	Education Council (HEC) Rwanda National Commission for UNESCO (CNRU)	Research on climate change conducted	

1. Households settlement¹ is currently 92015-2016) under RHA program

Table 3: Key Env. &CC Outcome indicators for Governance Sectors Cluster

Sector	Ministries/Institutions	Key Outcome indicators
All sectors All Ministries/ Institutions		Ensured that development activities carry out EIA
		Ensured that Policies, Plans and Programs carry out SEA
	MINALOC	Env. & CC issues integrated in DDPs and Imihigo
9.Decentralization	RGB, Local Administrative Entities Development Agency (LODA)	Developed project proposal for each District on green and climate resilience
10.Justice, Reconciliation Law and Order (JRLO)	MINIJUST	Conflicts related to natural resources solved
	National Unity and Reconciliation Commission (NURC)	Number of Laws implementing the Organic Law of environment gazetted
		Env. & CC issues integrated in the National Itorero Commission and NURC

3. Methodology

This assessment was conducted through the following main steps:

- a) Preliminary work and literature review based on the main documents related to Env. &CC mainstreaming.
 - Development of the procedures and form for data collection concept note and invitation letter sent to different institutions to request to avail the planning documents to REMA team in charge of this assessment. The required documents included:
 - ✓ Action plan 2013-2014 and 2014-2015 (to measure the progress made in the integration of environment & climate change activities in the plans;
 - ✓ Check list for environment and climate change mainstreaming into sectors 2013-2014;
 - ✓ Annual report 2013-2014 to evaluate the sectors achievements in the implementation of environment & climate change activities in the plans 2013-2014;
 - ✓ Check list for environment and climate change mainstreaming into sectors 2014-2015.
- b) Elaboration of a template for data compilation
- Meeting with Sector facilitators in charge environmental mainstreaming at Sector level to explain the template and data collection process.
- d) Data collection: gathering the planning and report document and compile data sector by sector using the template. The compilation is drawn for SAP and annual reports/IMIHIGO provided by each sector
- e) Data analysis:
 - All compiled data from SAP and annual reports/IMIHIGO provided by each sector were screened sector by sector to retain key environmental indicators, baseline, targets and achievements
 - Based on Key Outcome indicator, we elaborated a summary for compiled data using MS excel and Pivot table function to facilitate analysis and comparison
 - Scoring: Each indicator was awarded from 1 to 5 score according to the level of integration and implementation. The score are described below:
 - **5: Very Good** (Full integration and implementation at 90-100%)
 - 4: Good (Sufficient integration and implementation at 70-89%);
 - 3: Sufficient (Indicators are developed but not fully implemented at 50-69).
 - 2: Poor (Indicators are not fully developed and not fully implemented at 20-49 %)
 - 1: Weak (No indicators in place. Activities tend to be reactive, not integrated into plan and reporting system below 20%)
- f) Results and discussion:
- g) Preparation of draft report

4. Results and Discussion

4.1 Results in Economic Sectors Cluster

4.1.1 Agriculture Sector

Table 4: Implementation of environment and climate change activities in Agriculture Sector

No	Sub Program	Key Outcome indicators	(%) Achievement	(%) Achievement	
	Oub i rogiam	They outdome maloutors	2013-2014	2014-2015	Score
1	All sub	EIA integrated in all sub programs	10	60	2
	programs	EMP annual reports submitted to REMA	0	0	1
		SEA Integrated in Policy, Plans and Programs	20	30	2
2	Promote sustainable agriculture practices	Soil Conservation and Land Husbandry	90	95	5
		Promoted Irrigation and Water Management	65	47	3
3	Promote use of fertilizer enriched compost	Promoted use of fertilizer enriched compost	60	70	3
4	Expand Crop Varieties	New Seeds ¹ variety developed	65	80	4
	Market - Oriented Infrastructure for Post-Harvest Management Systems	Improved Infrastructures ² for Post-Harvest Management Systems	20	80	3

^{1.} Seeds high-yielding, low-external-inputs, pest-resistant and climate-adapted crops

- **5: Very Good** (Full integration and implementation at 90-100%)
- 4: Good (Sufficient integration and implementation at 70-89%);
- 3: Sufficient (Indicators are developed but not fully implemented at 50-69),
- 2: Poor (Indicators are not fully developed and not fully implemented at 20-49 %)
- 1: Weak (No indicators in place. Activities tend to be reactive, not integrated into plan and reporting system below 20%)

^{2.} Infrastructures that incorporate resource efficiency (low-carbon sources of energy and water efficiency)

The picture 1 shows Comparison of achievement of key indicators 2013-2014/2014-2015 in Agriculture sector

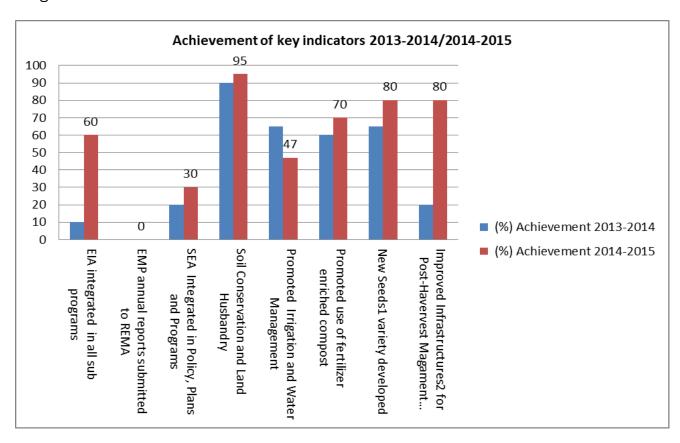


Figure 1: Comparison of achievement of key indicators 2013-2014/2014-2015 in Agriculture Sector

The picture 2 shows the scoring of sector's achievement in the implementation of Key indicators in Agriculture sector

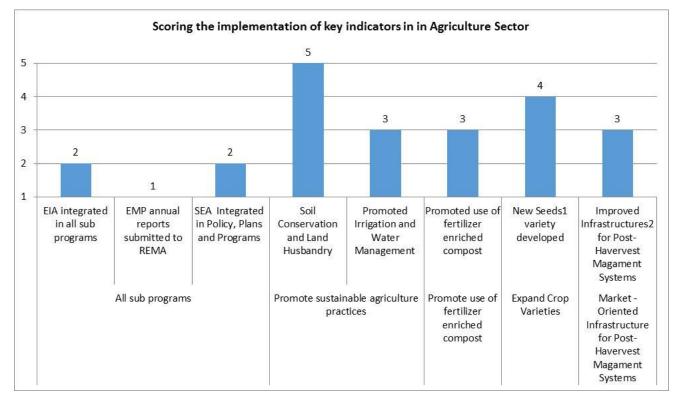


Figure 2: Ranking the achievement in the implementation of Key indicators in Agriculture Sector

4.1.2 Infrastructure Sector

Table 5: Implementation of environment and climate change activities in Infrastructure Sector

No	Sub Programs	Key Outcome indicators	(%) Achievement 2013-2014	(%) Achievement 2014-2015	Score
1	All sub programs	EIA integrated in all sub programs	30	50	3
		EMP annual reports submitted to REMA	0	0	0
		SEA Integrated in Policy, Plans and Programs	0	30	2
2	Electricity transmission, distribution & Connections	Increased access to electricity	87	90	4
3	Electricity Generation (Low Carbon Energy Mix Powering National Grid)	Increased electricity generation and diversification of energy source	30	50	3
4	Sustainable use of Biomass resources	Promote development of alternative sources of renewable energy	82	40	3
		Promote energy efficient technologies	90	40	4
5	Access to improved water and Sanitation	Increased access to safe drinking water	90	60	3
		Promoted Water security through efficiency and conservation	20	40	2
		Increased access to basic sanitation facilities	10	30	2
6	Urbanization, Housing and Government assets Management	Promoted Green urbanization	10	40	2
		Developed standards for basic housing	10	40	2
		Improved Efficiency in management of Government asset and works space2	80	40	3
7	Road infrastructure and Safety	Promoted Integrated Multi-mode Urban Transport ¹	10	40	2

- **5: Very Good** (Full integration and implementation at 90-100%)
- 4: Good (Sufficient integration and implementation at 70-89%);
- 3: Sufficient (Indicators are developed but not fully implemented at 50-69),
- 2: Poor (Indicators are not fully developed and not fully implemented at 20-49 %)
- **1: Weak** (No indicators in place. Activities tend to be reactive, not integrated into plan and reporting system below 20%)

The picture 3 shows Comparison of achievement of key indicators 2013-2014/2014-2015 in infrastructure sector

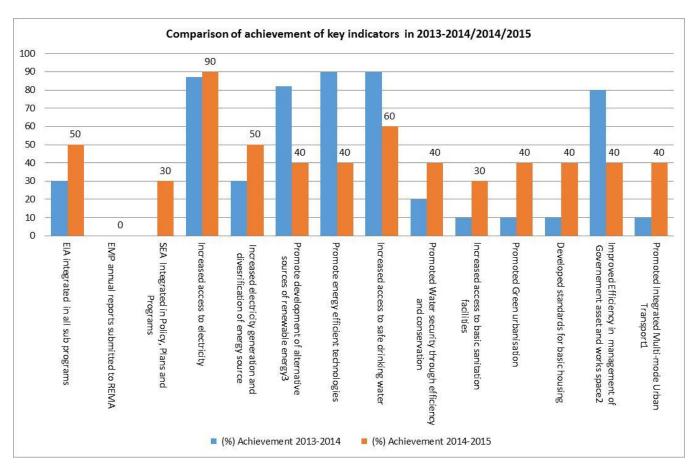


Figure 3: Comparison of achievement of key indicators 2013-2014/2014-2015 in Infrastructure Sector

The picture 4 shows the scoring of sector's achievement in the implementation of Key indicators in Infrastructure sector

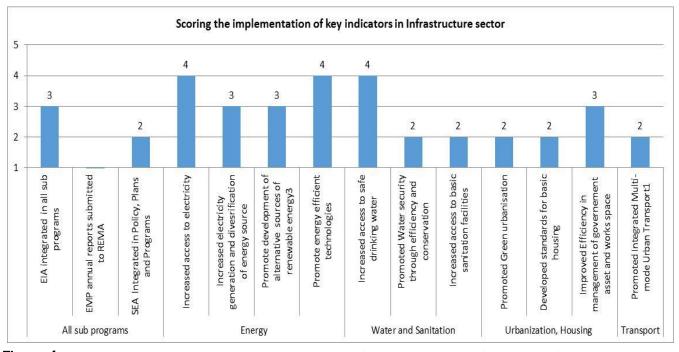


Figure 4: Ranking the achievement in the implementation of Key indicators in infrastructure Sector

4.1.3 Environment and Natural Resources

Implementation of environment and climate change activities in ENR Sector

Table 6: Implementation of environment and climate change activities in ENR Sector

No	Sub Programs	Key Outcome indicators	(%) Achievement 2013-2014	(%) Achievement 2014-2015	Score
1	All sub programs	EIA integrated in all sub programs	10	60	3
		EMP annual reports submitted to REMA	0	0	1
		SEA Integrated in Policy, Plans and Programs	0	60	2
2	Land utilization and administration systems	Optimised land utilization and improved land administration systems	95	97	4
		Integrated Approach to Planning and Sustainable Land Use Management:	90	95	4
		Rehabilitation of degraded ecosystems	70	75	4
3	Integrated Water Resource Management	Integrated management of water resources at the district and community levels	80	85	4
		Promoted Water security through efficiency and conservation	70	80	4
4	Sustainable forestry, agroforestry and Biomass	Improved Forest Management (IFM)	80	78	4
5	Improved environment management and	Integrated ENR concerns in local government plans and Budgets	70	80	4
	vulnerability to climate change impact reduced	Developed awareness programs for ENR promotion	82	85	4
6	Mining	Efficient and sustainable mineral exploration and exploitation promoted	40	75	3
		Climate Compatible Mining	20	70	3
7	Disaster Management	Improved Disaster Mitigation, Preparedness	60	75	4

The picture 5 shows Comparison of achievement of key indicators 2013-2014/2014-2015 in ENR sector

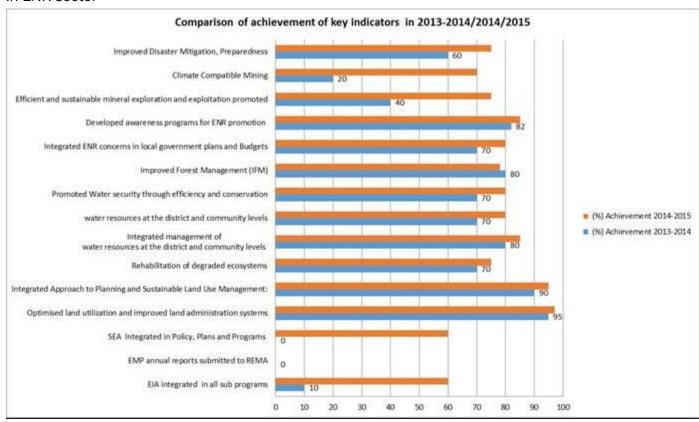


Figure 5: Comparison of achievement of key indicators 2013-2014/2014-2015 in ENR Sector

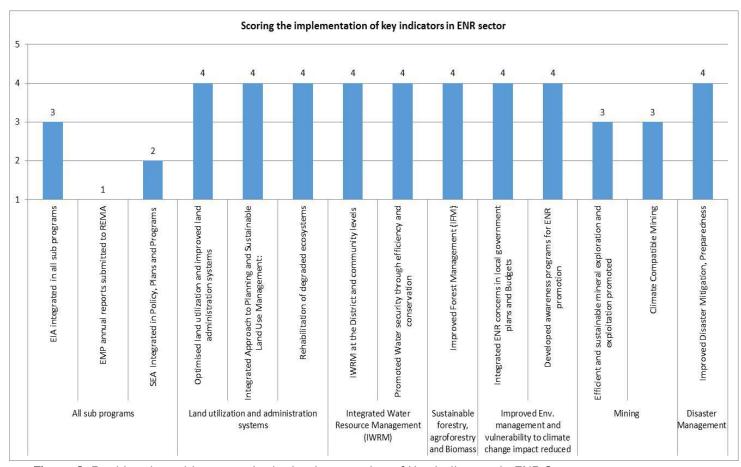


Figure 6: Ranking the achievement in the implementation of Key indicators in ENR Sector

4.1.4 Public Finance Management

i. Progress made at sector level

- ✓ Effective planning coordination mechanism in disseminating EDPRS 2 cross cuttings issues mainstreaming guidelines in the planning and Budget call circular annexes ;E&CC guidelines inclusive .
- ✓ Effort is being made to advance works on inventory of natural capital accounts and valuation of ecosystem services in Rwanda and correct estimates of their contribution to environment and economy (Assistance through World Bank Technical Team)
- ✓ Environmental statistics now published annually in the NISR statistical yearbooks for evidence based decision making.
- ✓ Increased external resources mobilization targeting Environment and Natural resources sector (As per the Official Development Assistance (ODA) reports.

ii. Proposed actions to be made that will guide further improvement in mainstreaming E&CC in the financial sector:

- Undertake consultative dialogue with RRA on internal resources mobilization policies related to environment and climate change (Taxes/charges –subsidies/exemptions) and mechanism of publishing revenues collected in the RRA annual activity reports.
- Liaise with NISR on the need and relevancy of increasing environment and climate change indicators in the national accounts
- Updating/reviewing the E&CC mainstreaming guidelines on financial sector
- MINECOFIN in collaboration with MINIRENA and REMA should determine update of contribution of ENR in Rwanda economic growth and social welfare and ensure that benefit developed from ENR is captured in the national accounting system.

4.1.5 Private Sector Development and Youth

Table 7: Implementation of environment and climate change activities in PSDY Sector

No	Sub Programs	Key performance indicators	(%) Achievement 2013-2014	(%) Achievement 2014-2015	Score
1	All sub programs	EIA integrated in all sub programs	10	60	3
		EMP annual reports submitted to REMA	0	0	1
		SEA Integrated in Policy, Plans and Programs	0	0	1
2	Tourism and Wildlife Conservation	Sustainable Tourism and Wildlife Conservation	60	70	3
3	Investment Promotion and Business Facilitation	Promoted of off-farm SMEs	50	60	4
4	Rwanda Special Economic Zones	Special Economic Zone and provincial industrial parks greened	60	70	3
5	Green Industry and Private Sector Development	Promoted Resource Efficient Industries	60	75	4
6	Youth Entrepreneurship	Promoted Youth Economic Empowerment for SD	60	70	3
7	Development of ICT in public sector	Electronic waste treatment facilities increased	0	70	2

The picture 7 shows the scoring of sector's achievement in the implementation of Key indicators in PSDY

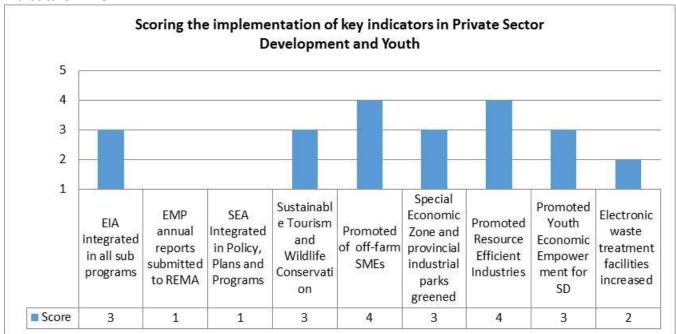


Figure 7: Score for the implementation of Key indicators in PSDY

4.2 Results in Social Sectors Cluster

4.2.1 Health Sector

Table 8: Implementation of environment and climate change activities in Health Sector

No	Sub Programs	Key Outcome indicators	(%) Achievement 2013-2014	(%) Achievement 2014-2015	Score
1	All sub programs	EIA integrated in all sub programs	10	*	2
		EMP annual reports submitted to REMA	0	*	1
		SEA Integrated in Policy, Plans and Programs	0	*	0
2	Maternal and Child Health	Maternal and child health improved	75	*	3
		Increased the % of women using modern contraceptive method	95	*	4
3	Disease Control and Prevention	Reduced the rate of water borne diseases (diarrhea, cholera, meningitis).	60	*	3
		Reduced the Prevalence rate of malaria	70	*	4
		Reduced Mother-to- Child transmission of HIV	75	*	3
4	Health Promotion & Environmental Health	Improved control and prevention of respiratory diseases for worker exposed on air pollution	50	*	4
		Ensured hygiene inspection	40	*	2
		Ensured hygiene behavior change	60	*	4
		Increased % of health centers, Hospitals equipped with incinerators	50	*	4
		Increased use of modern contraceptives	60	*	3
		Increased deliveries in Heath facilities (DHs, RHs)	90	*	4

^{*}No available data for 2014-2015

The picture 8 shows the scoring of sector's achievement in the implementation of Key indicators in health sector

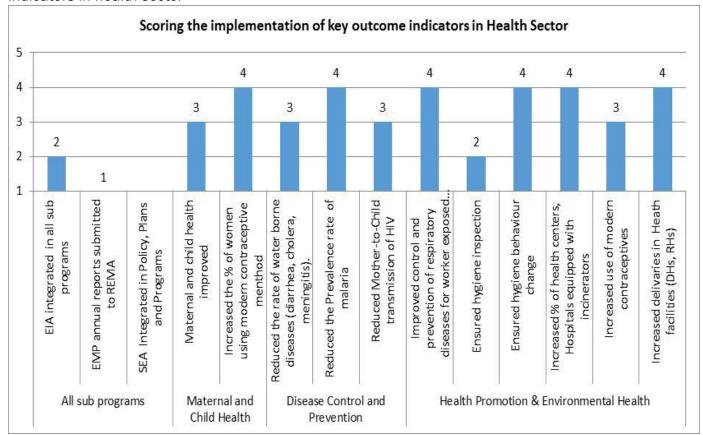


Figure 8: Score for the implementation of key outcome indicators in Health Sector

The figure 8 shows a weak score on indicators related to EIA, EMP and SEA implementation (There are related to Environmental assessment, there are no indicators in place. Activities tend to be reactive but not integrated into plan and reporting system. The indicators on hygiene inspection are not fully developed and fully implemented.

- **5: Very Good** (Full integration and implementation at 90-100%)
- 4: Good (Sufficient integration and implementation at 70-89%);
- 3: Sufficient (Indicators are developed but not fully implemented at 50-69),
- 2: Poor (Indicators are not fully developed and not fully implemented at 20-49 %)
- **1: Weak** (No indicators in place. Activities tend to be reactive, not integrated into plan and reporting system below 20%)

4.2.2 Education Sector

Table 9: Implementation of environment and climate change activities in Education Sector

No	Sub Programs	Key Outcome indicators	(%) Achievement 2013-2014	(%) Achievement 2014-2015	Score
1	All sub programs	EIA integrated in all sub programs	20	20	2
		EMP annual reports submitted to REMA	0	0	1
2	Pre-Primary, Primary, Lower Secondary, Upper Secondary Education	Greening schools conducted	60	60	3
3	School Health and Environment	School health clubs monitored and Evaluated	69	70	3
4	Technical vocational educational and training (TVET) and Higher Education (HLIs)	TVET and HLIs Curriculum developed	90	90	4
		Research on climate change conducted	80	85	4
		Env. &CC mainstreamed in education programs	49	75	3

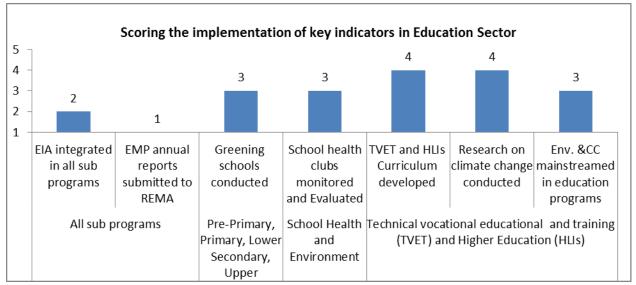


Figure 9: Score for the implementation of key outcome indicators in Education Sector

Figure 9 shows that the greening schools and environmental mainstreaming in Education Sector activities tend to be reactive but not integrated into plan and reporting system. The indicators on EIA are not fully developed and fully implemented.

4.2.3 Social Protection Sector

Table 10: Implementation of environment and climate change activities in Education Sector

No	Sub Programs	Key Outcome indicators	(%) Achievement 2013-2014	(%) Achievement 2014-2015	Score
1	All sub programs	EIA integrated in all sub programs	20	20	2
		EMP annual reports submitted to REMA	0	0	1
2.	Family wellbeing	Family campaign conducted	60	70	3
		Improved Targeting and Effectiveness of Social Protection Interventions	70	75	4
		Ensured support to vulnerable Groups	70	75	4
3	Women empowerment	Women's organizations empowered on Env. & CC issues	20	20	2

Figure 10 shows that the EIA implementation and the capacity building of women in Env. &Cc issue were not fully developed and fully implemented.

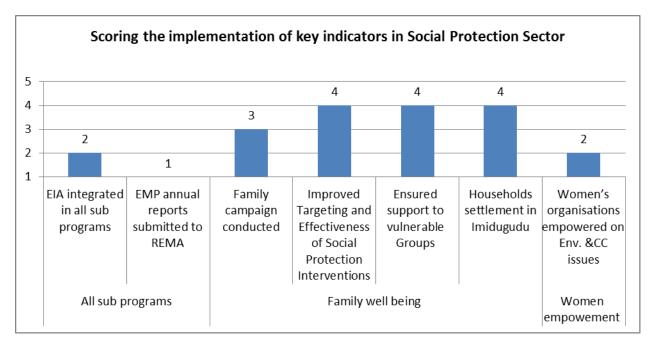


Figure 10: Score for the implementation of key outcome indicators in Education Sector

4.3 Results in Governance Sectors Cluster

4.3.1 Decentralisation Sector

Table 11: Implementation of environment and climate change activities in Decentralisation Sector

Sub Programs	Key Outcome indicators	(%) Achievement 2013-2014	(%) Achievement 2014-2015	Score
All sub programs	EIA integrated in all sub programs	20	20	2
	EMP annual reports submitted to REMA	0	0	1
Implementation of DDPs	Env. & CC issues integrated in DDPs and Imihigo	81	85	4
	Developed project proposals for each District on green and climate resilience	20	75	4
	Households settlement in Imidugudu in rural areas increased	85	49	3

Figure 11-12 shows an increase of integration and implementation of Env. &CC issues in Decentralisation Sector FY 2013/2014 and 2014/2015. However the indicators on household settlement were not planned 2014/2015.

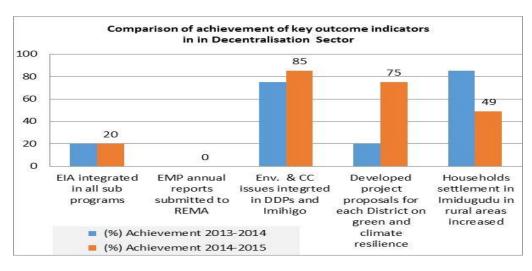


Figure 11: Comparison of achievement of key indicators 2013-2014 2014-2015 in Decentralization Sector

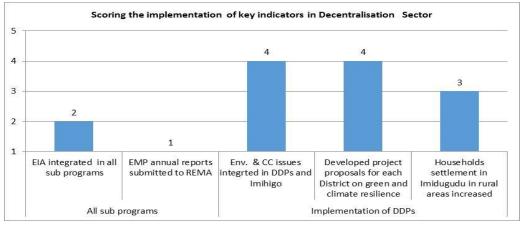


Figure 12: Score for the implementation of key outcome indicators in Decentralisation Sector

Table 12: Implementation of environment and climate change activities in JRLO Sector

No	Sub Programs	Key Outcome indicators	(%) Achievement 2013-2014	(%) Achievement 2014-2015	Score
1	All sub programs	EIA integrated in all sub programs	20	20	2
		EMP annual reports submitted to REMA	0	0	1
2	Legislation and jurisprudence	Conflicts related to natural resources solved	20	20	2
3	Rule of Law	Number of Laws implementing the Organic Law of environment gazetted	60	65	2
4	Unity and Reconciliation	Env. & CC topics integrated in the NURC National Itorero programs	50	60	3

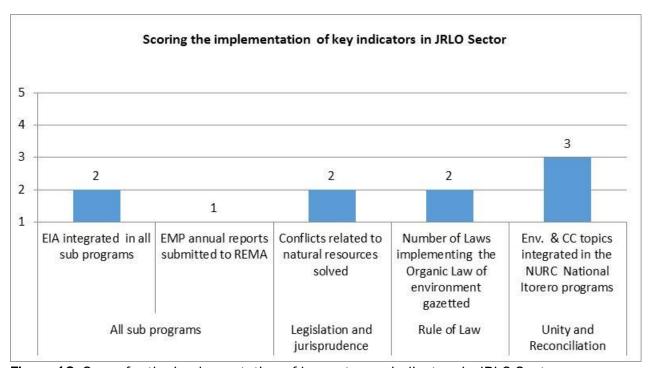


Figure 13: Score for the implementation of key outcome indicators in JRLO Sector

The figure 13 shows that the integration of Env. &CC issues in JRLO sector is still on low level. The indicators were not fully developed and implemented.

- **5: Very Good** (Full integration and implementation at 90-100%)
- 4: Good (Sufficient integration and implementation at 70-89%);
- 3: Sufficient (Indicators are developed but not fully implemented at 50-69),
- 2: Poor (Indicators are not fully developed and not fully implemented at 20-49 %)
- **1: Weak** (No indicators in place. Activities tend to be reactive, not integrated into plan and reporting system below 20%)

4.2 Discussion

In general, the comparison of 2013/2014 and 2014/2015 shows an increased integration and implementation of key Env. & CC issues in sectors planning. New outcomes, programs and projects on Env. &CC were also initiated in the FY 2014-2015; for instance in MINEDUC with Climate Observatory Project, in MINALOC with Greening DDPs program.

However, there is a decrease in infrastructure sector. Some indicators related to the development of alternative sources of renewable energy, Water security through efficiency and conservation, Efficiency in management of Government asset and works space, the mentioned in the SAP FY 2014-2015 were not reported in the annual report, and we don't know if these indicators were implemented or not. Probably this was due to restructuration of EWSA into WASAC and REG.

In some Programs and Sub programs, the development indicators did not effectively address the Env.& CC issues. The activities tend to be reactive but not integrated into plan and reporting system. The following table give an example of some indicators and the way we suggest for their formulation.

Table 13: Gaps identified in the formulation of indicators by different sectors

Sector	Indicators as developed by the sector	Missing Env. &CC Issue
	A.Economic Sectors Cluster	
	Ha developed for Marshland	Number of EIA study conducted
1.AGRICULTURE		for agricultural projects in marshlands
(MINAGRI, RAB)	Number of new varieties developed	Number of new varieties developed (which are high-yielding, low-external-inputs, pest-resistant and climate-adapted crops)
	Number of post-harvest facilities constructed in different districts	Number of post-harvest facilities constructed in different districts that incorporate resource efficiency (low-carbon sources of energy and, water efficiency)
terraces and established		No indicator soil on total area protected against soil erosion considering all methods for soil control
	% of farmers use inorganic fertilizer	% of farmers use inorganic fertilizer based on nutrient needs assessment for their specific land unit
		% of inorganic fertilizers applied whose application is based estimation of soil nutrient needs

Sector	Indicators as developed by the sector	Missing Env. &CC Issue
2.INFRASTRUCTURE (MININFRA) Urbanisation (RHA)	Ministerial Complex constructed	Number of EIA study conducted for construction of administrative office complex, affordable housing
ENERGY(REG Ltd)	Number of Households connected to the new grid electricity	Number of EIA study conducted for Electricity transmission, distribution & Connections
Water and Sanitation (WASAC)	N° of new Km of water schemes constructed Number of solid waste landfill and Faecal Sludge treatment	% of rural and urban households having rain water collection and rain water drainage systems. % of sanitation facilities having included EIA in their feasibility studies
Transport (RTDA)	Number of km of integrated roads created	% of Road infrastructure projects having included EIA in their feasibility studies
	Transport: for 2013-2014 the indicators are limited on roads construction and rehabilitation (by RTDA) and transport under ONATRACOM	There should be some indicators on urban roads with public transport (PT) and Non-Motorised Transport (NMT) facilities with provisions for disable
3. Environnent and Natural Ressources (MINIRENA, RNRA, REMA, MIDMAR)	Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year	Number of green technologies established in mining sector
		Number of EIA study conducted for mining projects Indicator on climate compatible mining (FY 2013/20140
	Ha of forest created	No of ha of planted forest cared for Indicator on monitoring water quality
	Number of environmental audits conducted	% of environmental audits conducted (with reference to the on-going projects) Number of annual monitoring report submitted to REMA in context of EMP implementation
4. Public Finance Management (MINECOFIN, BNR, RRA, RSSB)		Share of Environmental protection and climate change investments (%) in the total ODA disbursed as a % of GDP.

Sector	Indicators as developed by the	Missing Env. &CC Issue
	sector	
5.Private Sector Development	% of registered projects that are	% of registered projects that
and Youth	operational	comply with EIA regulations
	Number of construction permits	
(PSF, RDB, MINICOM, MYICT)	issued	
		Number of private investors
		involved in environmental
		management.
	Number of off-farm job created	Number of off-farm SMEs
		created around protected areas
		and degraded areas.
		Number of Green job created
		Number of companies investing
		in cleaner production
	Number of privatized tea	Number of private investors
	factories visited and evaluated.	involved in environmental
		management.
		Number of industries monitored
		for GHG emissions, water and
		energy usage and proper waste
		management
		No. of greened SEZ in place
	Percentage of mobile cellular	% of public institutions having
	telephone subscriptions.	access to electronic waste
		treatment facilities.
		% of public institutions having
		access to electronic waste
		treatment facilities.
	% of registered projects that are	Number of EIA Certificates
	operational	deliverd to registered projects
		% of registered projects that
		comply with EIA regulations
	B. Social Sectors Cluster	
6 Hoolth Scotor (Mall DDC)	Health Promotion &	Number Hygiene inspection
6. Health Sector (MoH, RBC)	Environmental Health programs	conducted
	published via media center	
		Prevalence rate of water borne
		diseases (diarrhea, cholera,
		meningitis)
		Number of trained individuals on
		environmental health prevention
		% of health centers, Hospitals
		equipped with incinerators
		% of environmental related
		respiratory diseases reduced for
		workers exposed on air pollution

Sector	Indicators as developed by the sector	Missing Env. &CC Issue
7.Education Sector (MINEDUC, REB, WDA, HLIs, HEC)	Number of Early Childhood Development Center (ECD) established	Number of greened Early Childhood Development Center (ECD) established Number of new classrooms for 12 YBE established with EIA study
	Number of teachers trained on HIV/AIDS, sexual reproductive Health and Nutrition	Number of greened schools Number of teachers trained on HIV/AIDS, sexual reproductive Health, environment and Climate change, and Nutrition
	School health and hygiene education programme implemented in schools	Number of School health and hygiene education programme implemented in schools
		School health clubs monitored and Evaluated
	Number of new TVET schools constructed	Number of new TVET schools constructed with EIA study
	Number of curricula developed for TVET	Number of programs by TVET having mainstreamed environment and climate change issues.
		Number of programs by HLIs having mainstreamed environment and climate change issues.
		No of academic papers on CC and disease prevalence
8.Social Protection Sector (MIGEPROF, Gender Monitoring Office, National Women's Council, MINALOC)	Umugoroba w'Ababyeyi is institutionalised and coordinated in all 30 districts. Noza Imibanire n'uwomwashakanye training conducted in 30 districts	Number of Women's organisations trained on Env. &CC issues
	C. Governance Sectors (
9. Decentralisation (MINALOC, RGB)	% of Household living in grouped settlement	% of households relocated from high risk zones
	Number of Districts having revised DDPs	Number of Env. & CC issues for each District integrated in DDPs and Imihigo
		Number of project proposal for each District on green and climate resilience

Sector	Indicators as developed by the sector	Missing Env. &CC Issue
10.Justice, Reconciliation Law and Order	Number of cases handled by Abunzi % change in cases entering courts	% of case conflicts related to natural resources solved
	N° of laws drafted for harmonization purposes	Number of laws implementing the organic law of environment gazetted
	N° of human Rights Instruments reported on	
		Number of Env. & CC topics integrated in the NURC National ITORERO programs

The table 6 shows the gaps identified in the SAP and Annual reports of different sectors and propose some Env. &CC related outcome indicators to be added in each Sector's planning.

Amongst the key finding of the sector assessment, we can highlight that:

- ✓ Some indicators mentioned in the Single Action plan (SAP) were omitted in the annual reports. Some baselines in the SAP are also different from annual report baselines
- ✓ In many figures of scoring the implementation, some key Env. & CC outcome indicators with low score (20-49%) were due to lack of planning and reporting. The concerned indicators were not fully developed and not fully implemented
- ✓ The measuring methodology (%, number,) for some indictors were not mentioned.
- ✓ The ENR/REMA report lack sufficient statistical reports and contribution from different sub-sectors, Districts and civil societies.
- ✓ Any development sector did not report on the implementation of Environmental Management plan (EMP) while in EIA certification conditions of approval, Project developer is required:
 - a. To Ensure that the Environmental Management Plan is implemented as prescribed in the Environmental Impact Assessment Report and ensure that records are kept for future monitoring or environmental audits.
 - b. To carry out regular environmental audits (which frequency may differ depending on the project type) and submit Audit Reports to the Authority.
- REMA did not also plan for a clear mechanism for monitoring and reporting on EMP implementation. The indicators formulated for inspections and auditing for EIA implementation does not refer to the % of on-going projects.

- ✓ SEA is still new in Rwanda and it was not mentioned in any SAP documents 2013-2014. Some major policies and plans such as Kigali master plan, National Land Use plan, did not also integrate SEA in their feasibility studies.
- ✓ In RDB planning and reporting, REMA role was not mentioned in the implementation of EIA. (Ex. REMA was not mentioned in anywhere in RDB stakeholders in SAP 2014-2015).
- ✓ In education sector many progress were made in 2014/2015 with the integration of Env. &CC into TVET and HLIs programs. However, Environment and climate change was not fully mentioned in the key areas of National School Health Strategic Plan 2013-2014 2017-2018 (MINEDUC, 2014)
- ✓ MINEDUC in collaboration with MoH established the School Health and Environment Clubs (MINEDUC, 2013), which replaced anti-SIDA clubs. The existing Schools environmental clubs (initiated and supported by REMA in the implementation of greening schools projects) were also replace by the School Health and Environment Clubs. REMA should liaise with MINEDUC to see how the existing Schools Environmental clubs were integrated in the School Health and Environment Program As REMA is organising the handing over of greening schools projects to MINEDUC,
- ✓ In social protection Sector, the Env. &CC related issues were not fully integrated in the planning and reporting of MIGEPROF whereas in terms of the environment and CC adaption/mitigation, women play distinct roles in managing plants and animals in forests, dry lands, wetlands and agriculture; in collecting water, fuel and fodder for domestic use and income generation; and in overseeing land and water resources (UNEP, 2002).
- Decentralization sector recorded good progress in 2014/2015 in integration of Env. &CC issues into DDPs by with greening DDPs program and supporting CSOs and District to elaborate CC mitigation projects to FONERWA. The indicators on household's settlement in Imidugudu were not developed in 2014/2015
- ✓ The National Police (NP) and Rwanda Defence Force (RDF) are cross-cutting institutions. Thus they were not mentioned in any sector Ministry mentioned in EDPRS II. However they big contribution in integration and implementation of Env. &CC activities cannot be forgotten. Recently, the NP launched a special Unity in charge of environmental crimes.

Assessment of Integration and Implementation of Environment and Climate Change Activities into Development Sectors Plans and Programs is an important monitoring and evaluation tool to guide REMA in determining if sectors are effectively integrating Env. &CC issues in their plans and programs.

The results of this assessment show that strong progress has been made in the integration and implementation of Env. & CC issues. On average more than 75 % of key Env. &CC performance indicators were fully met or exceeded in economic sectors cluster, 70 % in Governance sectors cluster and 68 % in Social Sector cluster.

This assessment revealed a gradual increase in planning and implementation of Env. &CC issues in different development sectors in comparison of 2013/2014 and 2014/2015. The improvement can be justified that in 2013/2014 most of Env. &CC related indicators were not fully developed, activities tend to be reactive but not integrated into plan and reporting , while in 2014/2015 Env.&CC related indicators increased and some specific Env.&CC related programs/projects were initiated in some sectors especially in agriculture and education sectors.

Obviously, the assessment indicates that EIA and SEA integration, implementation and monitoring are still on low lever in all sector clusters. In most of Sectors, there are no EIA indicators in place. Activities tend to be reactive but not integrated into plan and reporting system. Any sector ministry did not submit a report on EMP implementation.

Nevertheless, REMA did not also plan for a clear mechanism for monitoring and reporting on EMP implementation.

In order to improve the mainstreaming of Env. & CC issues in sectors planning and reporting, we suggest the following:

- To establish a continuous a monitoring and evaluation mechanism for key Env. & CC issues in Sector ministries
- REMA should develop monitoring and evaluation indicators that can guide other sectors in determining whether they are effectively integrating key Env. & CC issues in their plans and programs
- MINAGRI in collaboration with MINIRENA/RNRA and REMA should develop indicators
 measuring soil erosion control which will be key to monitor the effectiveness and
 impact of soil erosion control measures.
- 4. MINAGRI in collaboration with MINIRENA/RNRA and REMA should develop a system for monitoring surface and ground water quality that include total suspended solids (TSS), total suspended solids (TSS), turbidity to check the pesticide and fertilizer residues.
- 5. The Millennium Ecosystem Assessment stresses that the overall goal of development should be to enhance the well-being of people. Therefore, MIGEPROF should conduct a study on the consequences of development and ecosystem change for human well-being in Rwanda.

- 6. REMA should strengthen the EIA certificate delivery by RDB and put more pressure for compliance on developers.
- 7. REMA should request RDB to use the generic format of EIA certificate guiding developers on the frequency to carry out regular environmental audits.
- 8. REMA should developers to implement EMP as prescribed in the EIA report and submit Audit Reports to the Authority.
- 9. REMA in partnership with NISR should conduct periodically the environmental survey.
- 10.REMA should increase the training and awareness on Strategic Environment Assessment and on Checklist for mainstreaming Environment and Climate change into Sector plans and programs every financial year.
- 11. The ENR sector/REMA should enrich her report with statistical reports and contribution from different sub-sectors, Districts and civil societies.
- 12.In Rwanda Governance Scorecard (RGB, 2014), the sub indicator on environmental protection was ranked on the 3rd place with 95%. Therefore, REMA should conduct a quality assessment (a study to look at how the recipient institutions and community appreciate the services they receive from REMA).
- 13. Concerning the indicator formulation, the definition of indicator should be agreed upon by all sectors during the planning process.
- 14. The future assessment should be based also Sector Performance Report approved by stakeholders in Joint Sector Review highlighting a summary of key sector achievements, key challenges, key recommendation and information on budget execution.

European Commission (2009) Guidelines on Integration of Environment and Climate Change in Development Cooperation, Tools and Methods Series Guidelines No 4

MIFOTRA (2013) Five Year Program for Priority Skills Development to deliver EDPRS II (2013 - 2018)

MIGEPROF (2010) National Gender Policy

MIGEPROF and Agencies 2013-2014 and 2014-2015 FYs action plans,

Millennium Ecosystem Assessment (2005) Ecosystems and Human Well-being: Biodiversity Synthesis. World Resources Institute, Washington, DC

MINAGRI and Agencies 2013-2014 and 2014-2015 FYs action plans,

MINAGRI and Agencies 2013-2014 and 2014-2015 FYs IMIHIGO and Annual report,

MINALOC (2011) Implementation Plan for the National Social Protection Strategy (2011-2016)

MINALOC (2011) National Social Protection Strategy (2011-2016)

MINALOC and Agencies Single Action plans/IMIHIGO 2013-2014 and 2014-2015 FYs,

MINALOC Annual Implementation report 2013-2014 and 2014-2015

MINECOFIN and Agencies 2013-2014 and 2014-2015 FYs action plans,

MINECOFIN and Agencies 2013-2014 and 2014-2015 FYs IMIHIGO and Annual report

MINEDUC (2013) Guide for transformation of Anti-Aids Clubs into School Health Clubs in Rwanda

MINEDUC (2014) National School Health Strategic Plan 2013-2014 2017-2018

MINEDUC and Agencies 2013-2014 and 2014-2015 FYs action plans

MINEDUC and Agencies 2013-2014 and 2014-2015 FYs IMIHIGO and Annual report,

MINIJUST (2013) Impact of MINIJUST Legal Opinions on other Public Institutions Study

MINIJUST (2014) Ibikorwa by'ingenzi byagezweho muri 2014

MINIJUST Annual report 2013-2014

MININFRA and Agencies 2013-2014 and 2014-2015 FYs action plans,

MININFRA and Agencies 2013-2014 and 2014-2015 FYs IMIHIGO and Annual report,

MINIRENA (2009) Five Years Strategic Plan for ENR 2009-2013

MINIRENA and Agencies 2013-2014 and 2014-2015 FYs action plans,

MINIRENA and Agencies 2013-2014 and 2014-2015 FYs IMIHIGO and Annual report,

MoH (?), Health Sector Strategic Plan III, 2012-2018

- MoH (2014), Summary report of the 2013/2014 backward-looking joint Health Sector Review
- MoH (2015), Health Sector Policy
- National Commission ITORERO (2013) Gahunda y'Urugerero "Imparanirakurusha 2013
- NURC (2014) Raporo y'Ibikorwa bya Komisiyo y'Igihugu y'Ubumwe n'Ubwiyuge 2013-2014
- RBC (2014), Malaria &Other Parasitic Diseases Division RBC Annual Vector Control Report July 2013 June 2014.
- REMA (2013) Guidelines for Environment and Climate Change Mainstreaming into Sectors and DDPs
- REMA (2015) Checklist for Environment and Climate Change Mainstreaming into Sectors and DDPs
- RGB (2014) Rwanda Governance Scorecard, 2014 edition
- UNEP (2002), Women, Environment and Sustainable Development: making the links

Annexes:		

REPUBLIC OF RWANDA

N°......./EEM/2015



RWANDA ENVIRONMENT MANAGEMENT **AUTHORITY (REMA)** P.O.BOX 7436 KIGALI TEL: 252580101

The Permanent Secretary/MINISANTE

The Permanent Secretary/MINECOFIN

The Permanent Secretary/MINIJUST

The Permanent Secretary/MINALOC

The Permanent Secretary/MINEDUC

The Permanent Secretary/MIGEPROF

The Permanent Secretary/MINAGRI

The Permanent Secretary/MININFRA

The Permanent Secretary/MINICOM

The Permanent Secretary/MINIRENA

The Permanent Secretary/MYICT

The Permanent Secretary/MIDMAR

KIGALI

Dear Madam/Sir,

Re: Assessment of integration and implementation of environment and climate change activities into Sector-Ministries Plans and Programs.

The Government of Rwanda has committed to mainstream environment and climate change into national policies, plans and strategies. In order to implement her mandate of supervising, monitoring and ensuring that issues relating to environment are integrated in all national development programs, Rwanda Environment Management Authority (REMA) developed a checklist for environment and climate change mainstreaming into Sectors and District Development Plans (DDPs) in line with EDPRS II and Green Growth Strategy. REMA developed also guidelines for Strategic Environment Assessment (SEA) in Rwanda for Policies, Plans and Programs.

In this context, REMA has organised an assessment of integration and implementation of environment and climate change activities into Sector-Ministries Plans and Programs during the fiscal year 2013-2014 and 2014-2015. The aim of this assessment is to evaluate the implementation level of environment and climate change activities in your Sector Plans 2013-2014 and to assess progress/achievements of the integration of environment and climate change activities in the plans 2014-2015.

Therefore, I take this opportunity to request you to allow your Director of planning to avail your planning documents (annual report for 2013-2014 and 2014-2015 implementation status) to REMA team in charge of this assessment.

Attached, please find also the concept note for the assessment. For further details, please contact: Mr Theogene NGABOYAMAHINA on Email: tngabo@rema.gov.rw or Telephone number 0788 567 158.

We look forward to your usual cooperation.

Sincerely,

 $\frac{1}{2}$

Dr. Rose MUKANKOMEJE Director General of REMA

CC:

Hon. Minister of Natural Resources

KIGALI

Annex 2: Template for data compilation integration and implementation of key Env. CC issues 2013-2014 and 2014-2015

Sector Ministry	Programme	Sub Programme	Indicators	Baseline	Targets 2013/2014	Status of implementation /	Percentage (%)	Allocated Budget	Observation
▼		▼		√ ▼	▼	achievements	▼	▼	▼
Economic Sectors Cluster									
1. Agriculture (MINAGRI, RAB)									
Private Sector Development and Youth (PSF,									
RDB, MINICOM, MYICT)									
3. Transport (MININFRA,RTDA)									
Energy (Rwanda Energy Group Limited (REG Ltd)									
5. Water and Sanitation (Water & Sanitation									
Corporation Ltd (WASAC Ltd)									
6. Urbanisation (RHA)									
7. Information Communication Technology (MYICT)									
8. Environnent and Natural Ressources									
(MINIRENA, RNRA, MIDMAR)									
9. Public Finance Management (MINECOFIN	,								
National Institute of Statistics of Rwanda NISR)									
Social Sectors cluster									
10. Social Protection (MIGEPROF, Gender									
Monitoring Office,)									
11. Health (MINISANTE, RBC)									
12. Education (MINEDUC, REB)									
Governance Sectors Cluster									
Decentralisation (MINALOC, RGB) Justice, Reconciliation Law and Order									
(MINIJUST, National Unity									
and Reconciliation Commission NURC)									

Annex 3 : Compiled data on integration and implementation of key Env. CC indicators during FY 2013-2014 all Sectors

Template National Sector Assessment for EN	IV. &CC Mainstreamin	g for FY 2013/2014								
Sector Ministry	Programme	Sub Programme	Indicators	Baseline	Targets 2013/2014	Unit of measurement	Status of implementation / achievements	Percentage (%)	Allocated Budget	Observation
Economic Sectors Cluster										
Agriculture (MINAGRI, RAB)	1 : Agricultural and		Ha of radical	56,184	2,200	ha	18,344 ha of radical	229%	21,046,409,032	
	Animal Resources Intensification	Conservation and Land Husbandry	terraces established				terraces were established in different districts with mor emphasize in Karongi, Rwamagana, Kayonza,Nyanza and Gishwati where LWH is operating in different			
							sites.			
			Ha of progressive terraces established	808,868			Progressive terraces construction was at 44,184 ha(14,932 ha for MINAGRI projects and 31,252 ha for districts projects and earmarked transfers)during 2013/2014 fiscal year.			
		1.2: Irrigation and	Ha developed for	24,721		На	2,284 ha of marshland	65%		The yearly target
		Water Management		27,721		i i a	were developped for irrigation in Cyili and Gacaca marshlands by RSSP, and 1,422 ha of QWM equipped with irrigation schemes.	6376		was achieved at 65% due to Gashora marshland development contract cancellation
			Ha developed for hillside	3,075		На				
			Number of EIA							Not indicated in
			study conducted for agricultural projects in marshlands							the SAP
		1.3. Inputs to improve soil fertility and management	% of HH in consolidated areas using required inorganic fertilizer and compost	40% of HH utilising fertilisers and 76 % of HH using improved seeds	Spages A 2015:	Toppo of	The use of recommended in Crop Intensification Programme(CIP) zones was at 80.18% in 2014A Season. Fertilizer use in 2014A Season: Maize: DAP: 4,463.35MT Urea: 1,169.14MT I.Potato: NPK(17x3): 3,640.245MT Rice: NPK: 650.38 MT Urea: 105.8 MT Improved Seeds used in 2014A Season: Maize: 3,599.71 Soybeans: 266.25 MT Sunflower: 26.98MT Wheat: 153.05MT	Season A2045: 4429/		1) 22 49E T in
			Tonnes of composts made by farmer groups to increase productivity;		Season A2015: 89,161 T Season B2015: 120,591 T	compost	Season A2015: 100,481 T . Season B2015: 65,920 T .	Season A2015: 113% Season B2015: 55%		1) 33,185 T in Season A2015 and 26,440 T in Season B2015 have been made by farmer groups in RSSP Sites 2) 67,296 T in Season A2015 and 39,480 T in Season B2015 have been made by farmer groups in LWH Sites

Soil Conservation Land Husban		Area developed with land husbandry technologies	6,000	2,200	ha		21,046,409,032	
Irrigation and Management		Area of Marshlands developed for rice growing.	300	978	ha		10,281,325,000	
		Area of Hillsides treated	1800	3500	ha			
Research and Technology Transfer, Adv Services and Professionali of Farmers		Number of HH sensitized and are using effective ,sustainable and environment friendly technologies	550					.Sensitize farmer and local authorities on using effective, sustainable Soil conservation and Water management
		Number of new varieties developed (which are high-yielding, low-external-inputs, pest-resistant and climate-adapted crops)		8 silkworm breeds maintained				
				30 lines selected for sorghum				
Value Chain Development Private Secto Investment	GWLM	Distance of the road network at Gishwati watershed is constructed or rehabilitated	12,076	•	km			
		Km of feeder roads constructed by District	0		Km	106 km of feeder roads were rehabilitated in different districts		
		Number of EIA study conducted for feeder roads						Not indicated in the SAP
	KWAMP GFI PAIRB							

^{*}Highlighted in red are gaps identified in the integration of key Env. CC related indicators.

2.INFRASTRUCTURE/Housing									
	Outcome IV : Increas	ed access to basic infras	structure at the urban	level (EDPRS II Stra	ategic Outcome 8	3)			
	URBANIZATION, HOUSING AND GOVERNMENT ASSETS MANAGENMENT	Construction, Standards Development and Inspections	administrative office complex, affordable						
			housing Ministerial Complex	Tender Notice for	Demolition				
			constructed	Request of Expression of interest launched	completed at 100%				
	Outcome 3: improved	Efficiency in managem	ent of governement as		d innovativeness	targeting public h	ealth		
			Number of m2 of	201,681 m2	100,000	m ²	348,116	100	
			asbestos removed and replaced	removed and disposed from buildings.					
			Number of burial sites operational	6 burial site operational in Gisagara, Huye, Muhanga, Kamonyi, Kayonza and Ngoma Districts.		burial site	15	100	Asbestos burial sites operational in Rusizi, Ngororero, Gisagara, Huye, Nyanza, Muhanga, Kamonyi (phase and 2), Bugesera Kayonza, Ngoma Nyagatare Karongi, Musanze, Rulindo and Gicumbi Districts.
			A fire safety code and its enforcement elaborated	50% fire safety code and its enforcement	final report approved				
			number of interim land fills for solid waste management constructed	cooperatives for solid waste and management staff of co- operatives trained on best practices	interim land fill const completed				
			Number of central government builidings inspected	40 central governement buildings inspected	80 Government Buildings inspected				Government builidings inspected for rehabilitation or demollition
	Outcome 4: Well-cod	ordinated urban, rural set	tlement development p	lanning, green urbar	growth and an i	nnovative constru	ction sector		
		Urban Planning and Development	sites upgraded	Study for profiling and mechanisms for informal settlements upgrading completed					
			Private Sector mobilized on Urbanization through Campaigns	A campaign for mobilizing private sector on urbanization Organized	One week of Urbanization campaign Prepared and Private Sector mobilized in all Districts				
			Green City development framework and guideline establishe	secondary cities identified	'Green City' framework and guideline National Roadmap on the secondary city				'Green City' framework and guideline fitting into Rwandan secondary city context available; National Roadmap on the secondary city development developed
			Number of cities beautified and greened	Detailled Greening and beautification plans for Rulindi and Ngororero available	for Greening and beautification completed.				
Sector Assessment Report for	Env. &CC Mainstr	eaming	number of staff trained on the concept of green economy	atleast 5 staff members trained for each member agency and District	Q1-Q2:Train staff of government ministries Q3-Q4:Train	-7-			REMA was not included in main Stakholders namely RHA, MININFRA,

INFRASRTUCTURE/ENERGY										
	Outcome 4: Increase	d electricity generation (from the current 119.5	MW to 181) and div	esrification of ene	ergy source				
	ENERGY		Number of new MW	110.8	86.7			11%		
		Generation	produced				9.40		42,679,299,812	
		Electricity	Number of	360,000 electricity	90, 000	HH	0.10	87%		the target focused
		transmission,	Households	connections (16%).						on Electricity
		distribution &	connected to the							losses reduced
		Connections	new grid electricity				78,112			from 23% to 20%.
			Number of EIA							not mentioned in
			study conducted for							SAP
			Electricity transmission,							
			distribution &							
			Connections							
			Number of Env.							
			Monitoring							
			conducted on the							
			site for Electricity transmission,							
			distribution &							
			Connections							
			SEA for Energy							
			sector							
	FUEL	Increased fuel		Storage capacity of	19,000	m3	18000	98%		
			Fuel Storage volume facilities constructed	30,000 m3						
			lacilities constructed							
	Outcome 4: : Promote	Sustainable use of Bio	mass resources							
		Institutional Biogas	Number of	2841 domestic	1.500	Household	1088	73%	1,485,068,254	
				biogas digesters	,,,,,,				.,,,	
			with biogas plant.	· ·						
			Number of new	68 biogas plant: 45	12		24	240%		
			institutional biogas plants constructed	in schools, 11 in prisons and 12 in						
			piants constructed	others						
			No. of the same		Train 150	mason	586	391%		
			Number of biogas masons trained	260 biogas masons	biogas masons					
		ICS (Improved	macono tramoa		ziogao macono	ICS	548960	82%	20,000,000	The idicator
		ICS (Improved cookstoves	Number ofimproved	27500 stoves		105	548960	82%	29,000,000	shoulb be based
		programme)	cook stoves (ICS)	installed and in	672,000					on number of HH
		,	disseminated	use.						using ICS
			Energy savings	Energy savings	Feasibility		Feasibility study report	90%	7,494,785,000	
		program in	program in	study available.	study report for		for using energy saving			
		RWANDA promoted	RWANDA promoted	Energy savings business law	using energy saving lamps		lamps CFLs (Compact Florescent Light) and			
				available	CFLs (Compact		LED (Light Emitting			
				avanabio	Florescent		Diode) available.			
					Light) and LED		Procurement process of			
					(Light Emitting		energy saving lamps			
					Diode)		started.			
				600,000 economic	Procurement of		200,000CFL are	100%		Due to the Budget
			lamps distributed to	lamps distributed	saving lamps		distributed.			Deficit, EWSA
			households.	to households.	started and replacement of					Itd initiated a process of
					replacement of lamps in central					process of installing LED in
					government					public buildings
					institutions by					for 3 pilot districts
					LED completed					; Nyamagabe ,
										Kamonyi, and
										Nyabihu using its
										own budget 2013- 2014.
	I .	1	l	I	l .	1				ZU14.

INFRASRTUCTURE/Water and Sanitation		l	l	T	I		1		
(Water & Sanitation Corporation Ltd (WASAC									
Ltd)									
	Outcome 4: Ingress	ed access to improved v	votor and Conitation						
		<u> </u>		T	T	1	1		
	Water and	Increase access to	Number of people	7,818,619 (74.2%)	533,668 (5.3%).	people	590,548 new people	100	
	Sanitation	safe drinking water	supplied with safe	people supplied			supplied;		
			drinking water	with safe drinking					
			NO of the Month	water	440.25 kms in		744	100	
			N° of new Km of	9 777 Km of water			741 Km pipeline	100	
			water schemes constructed	supply schemes functionnal.	Rural area and 280 kms in		constructed; 156.1 Km of pipes rehabilitated		
			Constructed	iunctionnai.	urban area of		oi pipes renabilitateu		
					pipe lines				
					constructed	km			
					and 137 Kms of				
					existing water				
					pipelines in				
					rural areas				
					upgraded				
		Promoted Water	% of rural and urban		10			0	not indicated in
			households having						the SAP
		efficiency and	rain water collection						
		conservation	and rain water						
			drainage systems.						
		Increase access to	Number of solid	0	3 solid wastes			0	not implemente
		basic sanitation	waste landfill and		landfills and 3				due to delay in
		facilities	Faecal Sludge		Faecal sludge				procurement
			treatment plant		treatment				process
			constructed.		plants				
					completed.			0	and the Property of the
			% of sanitation					0	not indicated in
			facilities having						the SAP
			included EIA in their						
Infractivistics / Transpart			feasibility studies						
Infrastructure/ Transport	Outcome 5: Improve	l d and sustained quali	hy of road notwork						
	Outcome 5. Improve	u anu sustameu quam	ly of road fietwork						
		Demarcation of right of	Number of Km of	600Km	1200Km	km	567	95%	
		way	right of way	00011111	120014			3370	
		,	conducted						
		Road infrastructure	Number of Km	242.1 km	68	km	51.5	76%	
		and Safety	rehabilitated						
	Outcome 6: Integrate	d Urban roads with P		with provisions for	r disable access	created			
			Number of km of	0					not indicated in
		and Safety	integrated roads						the SAP
			created						
			% of Road						not indicated in
			infrastructure						the SAP
			projects having]			
			included EIA in their						
			feasibility studies			1			

3.ENR								
	: Optimised land utilization and	l improved land adm	n <mark>inistration systems</mark>	<u>i</u>				
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>						
Sustainabl Use Manag		Number of land lease issued and collected by owners	5.3 Million leases collected by owners		802,294 and all islands land titles issued (Nkombo, Bugarura etc) including 116,000 wetland land titles issued	100	1,005,581,200	
		Land Administration Information System (LAIS) efficiency improved	Geodata are in	Geo-data is integrated into Land	The integration of legal data and Geo-data into	100	75,000,000	
		Number of connected districts to LAIS.	12 Districts	30 Districts	30 Districts are connected	100	250,000,000	
	Integrated Approach to Planning and Sustainable Land Use Management	with a Land Use	Kigali City Conceptual Master plan, Kicukiro, Nyarugenge and Gasabo District detailed land use plans and 27 Draft Districts Land Use Plans.	All 27 districts Land Use Plans (apart from 3 districts of KC) are approved by cabinet	Draft District land use plans were presented to districts and are now being finalized for validation.		27,000,000	
		Number of SEA conducted for districts with a Land Use Plan						SEA Not planned
		Number of SEA conducted for Kigali City Master plan,						SEA Not planned
		Rehabilitation of degraded ecosystems						
Outcome 2	: Water resources managed in	a sustainable, equita	ble and integrated	l manner				
Integrated Resource Manageme		Final Master Plan report	Final Exploratory report	Water Resources Master Plan Report elaborated	Final Water Resources Master Plan is available	100	643,200,000	
		Real time monitoring Equipmentent	Gauging stations	10 Gauging stations	The tender process is ongoing and was done by UNECA which is the donor for this activity.	60	5,000,000	
		Number of ha cleared of water hyacinth	0 ha	Water hyacinth cleared in Cyohoha North lake	Water hyacinth has removed on 20ha in Cyohoha North lake	80	54,000,000	
		Volume of rainwater harvesting	3,465 m3	4,185 m3	2,500 m3	60	152,999,999	

Outcome 3: Ecosyste	m and forestry resource	ces increased and s	ustainably manage	ea to optimize th	neir economic a	is well as ecological fun	ction		
Sustainable forestry,	ı	Ha of forest created	673,516 ha	13000	ha	13,540	90		
agroforestry and		na oi iolest cleateu	073,310 Ha	13000	Па	13,340	90		
Biomass									
Diomass		No of agroforestry	25,593,151					2,355,632,000	
		seedlings produced.	seedlings					2,000,002,000	
		Ha of natural forests	2,500ha	2,847 ha	ha	3,268 ha rehabilitated	78		
		rehabilitated.	_,000	_,		5,=55			
		No of ha of planted	291 planted last			220.5 ha maintained		23,076,847	
		forest cared for	vear					-,,-	
Outcome 4: Improved	d environment manag		ility to climate cha	ange impact red	luced				
		Number of people	19,969	20,059		20,219 persons trained	100	16,902,000	
		trained on							
		environment and							
		climate change							
		mainstreaming.	_						
		Number of climate	0	1 map		The tender has started		5,118,000	
		change risk zone				for the preparation of the			
		map developed	1			climate change risk			
			1			zone map.			
			: 2 (Rubaya : 43	3 green and	1	3 green and climate	100	590,200,000	
			houses and	climate resilient		resilient villages created.		Jau,200,000	
		Number of green and	Muyebe 1 : 105	villages		resilient villages created.			
		climate resilient	houses)	(Muyebe 2)					
		village created		(.viay 0.56 2)					
			1						
		Number of	20	35		18			
		environmental audits							
		conducted							
Outcome 5:Efficient a	and sustainable miner	al exploration and	exploitation promo	oted					
Climate Compatible									
		Number of EIA							most of indicator
Mining		study conducted for							are based on
									are based on Mineral
Mining		study conducted for mining projects	C 072tono /April			2.0704			are based on
Mining Mineral productivity		study conducted for mining projects Total annual	6,973tons (April			3, 970 t			are based on Mineral
Mining		study conducted for mining projects Total annual production	6,973tons (April 2013)			3, 970 t			are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity		study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan				3, 970 t			are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity		study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in				3, 970 t			are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity		study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral				3, 970 t			are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity		study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in				3, 970 t			are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity		study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral				3, 970 t			are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity		study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral				3, 970 t			are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity		study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral				3, 970 t			are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity		study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year Number of green technologies				3, 970 t			are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity		study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year Number of green technologies established in				3, 970 t			are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity		study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year Number of green technologies				3, 970 t			are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity		study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year Number of green technologies established in				3, 970 t			are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity sustainably raised		study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year Number of green technologies established in mining sector	2013)						are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity sustainably raised	d safety of life and pro	study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year Number of green technologies established in mining sector	2013)	eather, water a	nd climate warr				are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity sustainably raised Outcome 6 : Improve	•	study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year Number of green technologies established in mining sector	ar application of w	•	nd climate warr				are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity sustainably raised Outcome 6 : Improve Early Warning	EWS for General Use	study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year technologies established in mining sector Number of green technologies established in mining sector	er application of wo	Automatic					are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity sustainably raised Outcome 6 : Improve	EWS for General Use	study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year Number of green technologies established in mining sector Number of generated early warning	ar application of w	Automatic warning system					are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity sustainably raised Outcome 6 : Improve Early Warning	EWS for General Use	study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year technologies established in mining sector Number of green technologies established in mining sector	er application of wo	Automatic warning system with integrated					are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity sustainably raised Outcome 6 : Improve Early Warning	EWS for General Use	study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year Number of green technologies established in mining sector Number of generated early warning	er application of wo	Automatic warning system					are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity sustainably raised Outcome 6 : Improve Early Warning System	EWS for General Use	study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year with the project of green technologies established in mining sector Number of generated early warning messages	or application of words of the policy districts	Automatic warning system with integrated SADIS/Radar			ate.		are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity sustainably raised Outcome 6: Improve Early Warning System Outcome 7: Improve	EWS for General Use	study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year Number of green technologies established in mining sector Number of generated early warning messages	or application of well on going test in 4 pilot districts	Automatic warning system with integrated SADIS/Radar	n services on w	nings and forecasts	ate.		are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity sustainably raised Outcome 6 : Improve Early Warning System Outcome 7: Improve Meteorological	EWS for General Use	study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year technologies established in mining sector Number of generated early warning messages ainable development	or application of word on going test in 4 pilot districts It through better use Limited research	Automatic warning system with integrated SADIS/Radar se of informatio	n services on w	nings and forecasts	Ite.		are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity sustainably raised Outcome 6 : Improve Early Warning System Outcome 7: Improved Meteorological Research	EWS for General Use d socio-economic sust Research on rwandan climate and climate	study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year technologies established in mining sector Number of generated early warning messages ainable development	On going test in 4 pilot districts Limited research activities on	Automatic warning system with integrated SADIS/Radar se of informatio Extensive study for assessing	n services on w	nings and forecasts	ite.		are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity sustainably raised Outcome 6 : Improve Early Warning System Outcome 7: Improved Meteorological Research	EWS for General Use	study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year technologies established in mining sector Number of generated early warning messages ainable development	or application of word on going test in 4 pilot districts It through better use Limited research	Automatic warning system with integrated SADIS/Radar se of informatio Extensive study for assessing economical	n services on w	nings and forecasts	ate.		are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity sustainably raised Outcome 6 : Improve Early Warning System Outcome 7: Improved Meteorological Research	EWS for General Use d socio-economic sust Research on rwandan climate and climate	study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year technologies established in mining sector Number of generated early warning messages ainable development	On going test in 4 pilot districts Limited research activities on	Automatic warning system with integrated SADIS/Radar se of informatio Extensive study for assessing economical benefits of	n services on w	nings and forecasts	ite.		are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity sustainably raised Outcome 6 : Improve Early Warning System Outcome 7: Improved Meteorological Research	EWS for General Use d socio-economic sust Research on rwandan climate and climate	study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year technologies established in mining sector Number of generated early warning messages ainable development	On going test in 4 pilot districts Limited research activities on	Automatic warning system with integrated SADIS/Radar se of informatio Extensive study for assessing economical	n services on w	nings and forecasts	ate.		are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity sustainably raised Outcome 6 : Improve Early Warning System Outcome 7: Improved Meteorological Research	EWS for General Use d socio-economic sust Research on rwandan climate and climate	study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year technologies established in mining sector Number of generated early warning messages alinable development with the section of studies undertaken.	On going test in 4 pilot districts Limited research activities on	Automatic warning system with integrated SADIS/Radar se of informatio Extensive study for assessing economical benefits of	n services on w	nings and forecasts	ate.		are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity sustainably raised Outcome 6 : Improve Early Warning System Outcome 7: Improved Meteorological Research	EWS for General Use d socio-economic sust Research on rwandan climate and climate	study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year technologies established in mining sector Number of generated early warning messages ainable development Number of studies undertaken.	On going test in 4 pilot districts Limited research activities on	Automatic warning system with integrated SADIS/Radar se of informatio Extensive study for assessing economical benefits of	n services on w	nings and forecasts	ate.		are based on Mineral
Mining Mineral productivity sustainably raised Outcome 6 : Improve Early Warning System Outcome 7: Improved Meteorological Research	EWS for General Use d socio-economic sust Research on rwandan climate and climate	study conducted for mining projects Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year technologies established in mining sector Number of generated early warning messages alinable development with the section of studies undertaken.	On going test in 4 pilot districts Limited research activities on	Automatic warning system with integrated SADIS/Radar se of informatio Extensive study for assessing economical benefits of	n services on w	nings and forecasts	ate.		are based on Mineral

3.Public Finance Management										
14. Financial sector (MINECOFIN BNR,RRA,RSSB,CMA)	, ECONOMIC PLANNING	NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT COORDINATION AND MONITORING		2013/14 Budget Call Circular	2014/15 Planning and Budget Call Circular prepared	2 PBCC (1st and second) prepared	Guidelines for environment and climate change mainstreaming into the Public investment are annexed to the 2014/15 Budget Call circular.	100%	259 050 000	Guidelines were disseminated for the 1st time in the budget call circular to help MDAs mainstreaming E&CC in their action plans and budgets
	ECONOMIC, SOCIAL AND DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS		% Cost of climate change impacts and environmental degradation on GDP	from soil erosion	ТВ	%	Trend was not reported by NISR in the 2013 statistical yearbook. Consultation with NISR is needed to integrate it in the Environment and climate change related indicators to be updated annually.	40%	1 662 923 821	
	INTERNAL RESOURCE MOBILISATION	DOMESTIC TAX	Percentage of net tax revenue from environment and climate change (Taxes/charges –subsidies/exemptio ns) in the total amount of tax collected	ТВ	ТВ	%	Tax revenues reports are not disaggregated to this level .	40%	591 550 038	
	RESOURCE MOBILIS	RESOURCE MOBILISATION	Share of Environmental protection and climate change investments (%) in the total ODA disbursed as % GDP	TB	ТВ	%	E&CC investments counted 15 invenstments projects with 11.8 Millions USD disbursed. Overall Total national disbursbement is 1,043.5 Millions USD (share of ENR sector is 1.13%)	80%		Trend analysis on GDP growth rate (% change) and per capita ODA is not disagreggated at sector level. available data is comparative only at national and international level.discussion with Development Partners s and External Finance U is needed to discuss the feasibility availing such data in the future ODA FY reports.

5.Private Sector Develop	oment and Youth					
	Outcome 9: Increased percent	tage of private Sector investments to GDI	from 10% to 20% and reduced c	cost of doing business in Rwanda by enhancing		
	infrastructure facilities and bus		nom 10/0 to 20/0 and reduced o	on doing business in thruing by crimunomy		
(PSF, RDB, MINICOM, MYICT)	INVESTMENT	Increased	Attract and	120 Investment projects		
	ATTRACTION AND	percentage of private	register	worth a total of		
	REGISTRATION	Sector investments	investment	\$396.3million was		
		to GDP	projects worth	registered in all sectors.		
			\$1.4billions in	43 projects are from		
			all sectors.	foreign investors, 64 are		
				from local investors		
				while 13 projects are		
				joint ventured by Foreign		
				and local investors.G116		
			0			
(PSF, RDB, MINICOM, MYICT)	Asset & Business Sale of p	ublic assets Number of privatized		9 tea factories were		
	Management to private	investors tea factories visited		visited and report done		
		and evaluated.				
	EIA department	% of projects with				
		EIA certificates				
		Monitoring And		Monitoring And		
		Evaluation Of Kinigi		Evaluation Of Kinigi		
		Community		Community Commercial		
		Commercial		Complex (Kccc) And		
		Complex (Kccc)		Kitabi College Of		
		And Kitabi College		Conservation And		
		Of Conservation And		Environmental		
		Environmental		Management (Kccem)		
		Management				
		(Kccem)				
	Green Industry and	Number of private				
	Private Sector	investors involved in				
	Development	environmental				
		management.				
	Privatization &				Kinigi Community	
	Enterprise				Commercial Comple	lex
	Development					

				2. Social Sec	tors cluster					
Sector Ministry	Programme	Sub Programme	Indicators	Baseline	Targets 2013/2014		Status of implementation / achievements	Percentage (%)	Allocated Budget	Observation
6. Health Sector (MoH, RBC)	Outcome 1: Increase	d paraentage of priva	to Soctor investmen	ats to GDB from 10%	(to 20% and ro	duced cost of de		hy onbonoing		
	infrastructure facilitie	es and business enviro	nment	its to GDF Ironi 107	8 to 20 % and re-	duced cost of do	oing business in Rwanda	a by enhancing		
	Maternal and Child Health	Maternal and child health improvement	% Births attended in health facilities	69	78			75	1,066,223,540	Reduction of maternal and child mortality
			The number of maternal deaths				267 maternal death were reported.			the number of maternal deaths appears to have been reduced significantly.
			Number of deaths for children under 5 years					70		The top five main causes of child deaths include respiratory infections, septicemia, malaria, pathologies associated with malnutrition, and complicated diarrhoea.
		Family planning and reproductive health	the % of women between 15-45 years using modern contraceptive menthod	29	36	%	42	95	648,532,257	
			Number of strategic plan		1		development of the Child Survival Strategic Plan	400		
	Disease Control and Prevention	Expanded program for immunization	immunized measles	95	97	%		100		
			<1 yr (HMIS) Number of strategic plan		HIV NSP		development of the Rwanda National HIV strategic plan (NSP) 2013-2018	95	1,197,948,412	
			Number of Long Lasting Insecticide Net (LLIN) distributed			(LLINs)	3,365,235			
			Proportion of delivaries in Heath facilities (DHs, RHs)	F	86	%	90.5		422,247,144	
	Health Promotion & Environmental Health	Promotion of hygiene and environmental health	inspection conducted							
			Health Promotion & Environmental Health programs published via media center				93 pages on health issues were published in news letters			
							2042 community Local leader were trained Over 10000 peoples			
							given answers to their health related inquiries via phone call Environmantal health			
							campaing on Tegamatwi wumve and Urunana			
			Prevalence rate of water borne diseases (diarrhea, cholera, meningitis)	f			Proportion of U5 visits for pneumonia, malaria, diseases ,diarrhea, cholera, meningitis at HC and CHW level			not indicated in the SAP and report
			Number of trained individuals on environmental health prevention				The dist of two levels			not indicated in the SAP and report
		Waste management	% of health centers, Hospitals equipped with incinerators							not indicated in the SAP and report
		Improved control and prevention of respiratory diseases for worker exposed on air pollution.	% of environmental related respiratory diseases reduced for							not indicated in the SAP and report
		Natural disasters and emergency environmental health intervention.								

7.Education Sector (MINEDUC, REB, WDA,										
HLIS, HEC)	Outcome 1: Increase	ed equitable access to	9 years basic educ	ation for all childre	n, and expandi	ng access to 12	years basic education			
		Pre-Primary,			278 Pre-	1	1			The EIA study could
		Primary, Lower	r classrooms r established for Pre- Primary education	place	Primary classrooms					mitigation on negative impact on environment related to school construction
			Number of greened Early Childhood Development Center (ECD) established	1471 centers in I place	416	ECD number	416 ECD constructed and completed	100%	2,912,000,000	The constructed classroom should be greened with rain water haversting, hygiene and watste management materials.
			Number of new classrooms for 12 YBE established with EIA study							Not indicated in the SAP and annual rport
			Number of greened schools							
		School Health and Environment	Health Policy and Strategic Plan copies available	Health policy and its Strategic Plan in place	School health policy and Strategic Plan finalized, approved and disseminated		School health policy and Strategic Plan finalized, approved and disseminated to stakeholders in 6 District	95%	39,000,000	
			Number of School health and hygiene education programme implemented in schools	407 schools visited	50 schools to be visited	schools	29	58%	804,000	
			School health clubs monitored and Evaluated	; !						not planned
			Number of teachers trained on HIV/AIDS, sexual reproductive Health, Environment and Climate change, and Nutrition	0	516 teachers		511 teachers were trained	99%	35,000,000	REMA should liase with MINEDUC to see how the existing Schools Environmental clubs were integrated in the School Health and Environment Program
				f 1731 classrooms and 2931 latrines	2000 new classrooms and 3000 latrines				12,391,378,823	
			Number of Schools (9 & 12 YBE)received hygiene facilities	0	Earmarked to District				319,000,000	
		TVET and Higher Education	r Number of new TVET schools constructed with EIA study	308 TVET schools in place	21	TVET schools	construction of 5 TVET schools at 100%, other at 70%	80%	29,247,176,541	EIA study not mentioned in the construction of TVET schools
			Number of curricula developed for TVET Number of programs by TVET having mainstreamed environment and climate change issues.	25 curricula availabl	15 curricula	curricula	20 developed	133%	58,870,000	
			undergraduated programs in HLIs	100 programms reviewed and ready for implementation	50 programs		27 undergraduated programs and 10postgraduated programms were reviewed	70%	27,000,000	
			Number of programs by HLIs having mainstreamed environment and climate change issues.							in HLIS, there is a nned to increase Coordinated Capacity Building in Climate Science:
			No of academic papers on CC and disease prevalence Research carry out on combustible nuts and other renewable energies	•						Planned by NIRDA/IRST
		Research and Climate Change Observatory	Climate observatory instrument operational	Agreement with MIT and GoR	Mugogo station to be operational		All instruments were installed as planned		85,000,000	

8.Social Protection Sector (MIGEPROF, Gender Monitoring Office, National Women's									
Council, MINALOC	5								
	Outcome 1: Family								
		Family wellbeing		Family campaign conducted	Family campaign is			66,000,000	
			report available	Conductod	conducted				
					Enhance the			6,000,000	target not well formulated
			shows by quarter quaterly reports for	2012/2013 reports	knowledge of the population				
			Joint Action Plan	i	on improved				
			against Malnutirition (JAPEM) available	1	diet and fight malnutrition				
			,		through				
					mobilizations, community				
					outreach sessions, radio				
					and TV talk				
			1.Umugoroba	Umugoroba	shows Umugoroba			14,500,000	
			w'Ababyeyi is	w'Ababyeyi	w'ababyeyi is			14,500,000	
			institutionalised and coordinated in all 30	llaunched at National Level In	coordinated and Noza training is				
			districts. 2. Noza	Musanze.	conducted in 30				
			Imibanire n'uwomwashakanye	Noza TOT training for 150 trainers	districts				
			training conducted in	from all 30 districts					
			30 districts Campaign	1	Campaign			6,000,000	
			conducted in high schools, universities.	1	agaist teeagage pregnanceis is				
			Youth public talk		conducted high				
			and debate, Radio and TV talk shows	1	schools, universities,				
					Youth public				
					talk and debate, Radio				
					and TV talk shows				
			Number of Anti GBV committes		Anti GBV committees			6,561,858	
			strengthened		strengthened in 15 Districts				
			Number of Gende		4 Sectors			2,000,000	
			Policy Briefs developed, validated	strategy available	Health, Infrastructure,				
			& posted or	i	Financial and				
			MIGEPROF website		Private Sector				
		Women		55,985 women in				10,000,000	
		empowement	and loans through	accessing loans					
			cooperatives and saccos	through SACCO	and financial services				
					through BDF				
			Number of Women's organisations trained						
			on Env. &CC issues						
									Not planed
	Outcome 2: Improve	d Targeting and Effec	ctiveness of Social P	rotection Intervent	ions				
		Social protection		Social protection	1 SP MIS	SP MIS development		116,000,000	
			(SP) MIS developed and piloted			and pilote is ongoing			
			Number of trained staff		Train and empowe 426	10 staff at central level and 646 at district level	100%		
				trained on SP	staff on SP	were trained on SP			
			Document o ubudehe	f 6 Ubudehe categories	Q1: Ubudehe categorisationci			4,766,800	
			categorisation	J	teria are				
			criteria		reviewed by september				
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	2013				

				3. Governance	Sectors clus	ter				
Sector Ministry	Programme	Sub Programme	Indicators	Baseline	Targets 2013/2014		f Status of implementation / achievements	Percentage (%)	Allocated Budget	Observation
9. Decentralisation Sector (MINALOC, RGB)							acinevements			
	Outcome 1: Com	munity Development ar	nd Local Economic De	evelopment Strateg	gy monitored.					
			% of Household		80%	%		81.30%	116,000,000	
		Imidugudu in rura areas	al settlement							
			% of household living in planned village	38%	50%	%			6,500,000	
			% of households	3			80% (38,259) o			No baseline and target
			relocated from high risk zones	1			households relocated from high risk zones by end of May 2014.			
			Number of new IDF		Monitor the		Monitoring and		6,500,000	
			model villages established;	villages	scaling up of IDP mode		Evaluation for the scaled up 30 District IDF			
			,		villages in all Districts		Model Villages was conducted.			
			Number of post	- 0 Families help to		,	Awareness made in	1 80%	9,800,000)
			Nyakatsi families	shifted from			Districts on hygiene			
			benefiting from social protection	Nyakatsi houses to VUP activities.	mainstream gender,		sanitation, greening and beautification programs.			
			programmes.		environmental					
					protection in post Nyakats	- 1				
					programs					
	Outcome 2: Strer	ngthened planning, coo								
		Local Government Planning	nt Imihigo bi-annua and annual report,	l 2012 - 2013 Imihigo	Conduct bi annual Imihigo		This activity has been giveen to a third party for	85%	16,407,000	This activity has be giveen to a third party
			and annual roport,		assessment		impementation (IPAR).			impementation (IPAR).
					and annua evaluation	I				
			Number of Env. 8	k .	Ovaraction					not mentioned in the SAP
			CC issues for each District integrted in DDPs and Imihigo							
			Number of projec	t						not mentioned in the SAP
			proposal for each District on green and							
			climate resilience	1						
			Number of adaptation projects	f						
			developed and	d						
			funded for each affected regions	1						
			Env. & CC topics integrated in the							
			National Itorero							
			Commission							
	Outcome 3: Enha	nced Community and L	ocal Economic Deve	Iopment Coordinat	ion					
			The Revised Rwanda		f Q1-Q4:				6,480,000	
			Decentralization Strategic Framework	EDPRS 2, 7YGP 8	Dissemination I of the Revised	1				
			diminiated to LGs.	Implementation	Rwanda					
				plan.	Decentralization Strategic					
					Framework.					
			Umuganda repor elaborated.	t Umuganda policy and strategy.	Umuganda Evaluation				3,956,425	Review Umugand Evaluation mechanism.
			elaborated.	and strategy.	mechanism					L valuation mechanism.
		1	1	1	established.	1	1			1

10. Justice, Reconciliation Law and Order	(MINIJUST, NURC)									
		ved access to quality j	ustice (EDPRS 3.6)							
		h 110	No. c m.	1	ı	1	1	I		
			d % of case conflicts							
		jurisprudence	related to natura resources solved							
			Number of cases	15,573 cases		+	45,285 cases were	85%		
			handled by Abunzi	10,070 00000			received and handled by			
			% change in cases				Abunzi. Among of them			
			entering courts				36,940 (81.6%) were			
			Ĭ				civil cases;			
							8,345(18.4%) were			
							penal cases. Mediation			
							committees,			
							36,441cases were			
							mediated and closed at			
							Abunzi Level, and 4594			
							cases were mediated			
							but continued into the formal courts.			
	Outcome 2: ENHA	NCED RULE OF LAW, A	CCOUNTABILITY & C	OMPETITIVENESS	(SSP e 4)		iornal courts.			
	Sutcome 2. ENHA	HOLD ROLL OF LAW, F	OCCUPATION OF A C	Cim Elliveness	(00/ 6.4)					
			N° of lega	Existing inventory			Out of 194 implementing	66%		
			instrument drafted	of Rwanda laws		1	legal instruments being		1	
				and list of			followed up for drafting,			
				prioritized legal		1	111 have been drafted,		1	
				instruments that			representing (57.2%),.,			
				need reform and/or			Four out of Six laws to			
				drafting			be initiated have been			
							drafted, indicating			
							66.6% of the laws to be			
							drafted.			
		Rule of Law	N° of laws drafted fo	r			Stakeholder			
		rtaic or Law	harmonization	"			consultations and			
			purposes				analysis of some laws			
							and implementing			
							instruments requiring			
							reform and drafting			
							already done.			
			N° of laws revised	t						
			and indexed							
			Reports of Lav							
			revision and							
			Harmonization projects' feasibility							
				′						
			studies available Number of laws		93	+	+		1	
			implementing the			1	1		1	1
			organic law o			1	1		1	1
			environment	1		1	1		1	1
			gazetted.	<u>l </u>		<u> </u>	<u>] </u>		<u>l </u>	<u> </u>
			Nr of laws proposed	b						
			for revision and Nr o	f						
		_	laws revised				1			
			c Percentage o	of						
		accountability	corruption cases	3		1	1		1	
			treated N° of human Rights	6 poriodia resett		+	Assssment of	80	1	the remainir
			Instruments reported			1			1	
			on entire reported	Instruments due,			implementation of 67 recommantions made			recommendatrons will to implemented in Decemb
			011	2013-2014		1	byHuman Rights Watch		1	2015
				2310 2014		1	in 2011		1	
		Unity an	d Number of Env. 8	k l		1	2011		1	some Env. & CC relate
		Reconciliation	CC topics integrated							activities were implement
			in the NURC							but not integrated in the
			National Itorero			1	1		1	planning and reporting
			programs	1		1	1		1	

Annex 4: Compiled data on integration and implementation of key Env. CC Indicators FY 2014-2015 in all Sectors

Template National Sector Assessment for ENV	/. &CC Mainstreaming	for FY 2014/2015									
Sector Ministry	Programme		Indicators	Baseline	Targets 2014/2015	Unit of measurement	Status of implementation / achievements	Percentage (%)	Allocated Budget	Observation	
Economic Cluster											
1. Agriculture (MINAGRI, RAB)											
		d productivity and sustainability	-								
	1 : Agricultural and Animal Resources Intensification	1.1: Soil Conservation and Land Husbandry	terraces established	64,183	18,000	На	16,115	89%		These radical terraces have been constructed by MINAGRI projects and district earmarked tranfers	94%
			Ha of progressive terraces established	858,868	45,000	На	44,499	99%		These progressive terraces were constructed districts earmarked transfers,commun ity works and MINAGRI projects	
		1.2: Irrigation and Water Management	Ha developed for Marshland	24,721	3,792	На	1,516.8 Ha	40%		Gashora Marshland (750 ha) Rwinkwawu marshland(1100 ha) Kirimbi(170 ha)	47%
			Ha developed for hillside	2,500	1,480	На	795 Ha	54%		500 ha for Kagitumba hillside .Rwamagana-34 (267 ha) with 81 ha treated for irrigation, Kayonza-4 (420 ha) with 214 ha of area treated for irrigation, and Gatsibo-8 (45 ha) hillside irrigation construction.	
			Hectares developed for small scale irrigation		300	На				300Ha in drought prone districts (Kirehe, Bugesera, Kayonza, Nyagatare, Nyanza, Gatsibo,)	
			Number of EIA study conducted for agricultural projects in marshlands	23 EIA Studies	7 EIA Studies		1) 4 EIA Studies for the following sites: Muyanza, Mushaduka-Mirayi, Ndongozi-Nyirabirandi and Rugende 2) Implementation of EMPs for Kayonza -4, Rwamagana-34, Rwinkwawu and Karangazi-Rwangingo			Not mentioned in SAP 2014-2015	
			Number of EIA Studies conducted for feeder roads rehabilitation	Rubavu District: 1 EIA Study completed for 98.3 km of feeder roads	11 EIA Studies for feeder roads		11 EIA Studies for feeder roads: Huye, Bugesera, Rulindo, Muhanga, Ngoma, Ngororero, Burera, Gicumbi, Nyamasheke, Rwamagana and Rusizi District				

		1.3. Inputs to improve soil	% of HH in	30% of farmers use						1
		fertility and management	consolidated areas	inorganic fertilizer	consolidated area					İ
			using required	-	use inorganic					1
			inorganic fertilizer		fertilizer and					1
			and compost		compost					
			% of farmers use		Composi		+		Modify the	-
										1
			inorganic fertilizer						indicator on	1
			based on nutrient						intensity of use of	1
			needs assessment						fertilizers to one	1
			for their specific land						that clealry	1
			unit						reflects the	İ
									optimization in its	1
									use	
			Tonnes of composts		Season A2015:	T	Season A2015:	Season A2015: 113%		-
						Tonne of			1) 33,185 T in	İ
			made by farmer		89,161 T	compost		Season B2015: 55%	Season A2015	
			groups to increase		Season B2015:		Season B2015:		and 26,440 T in	
			productivity;		120,591 T		65,920 T.		Season B2015	1
									have been made	İ
									by farmer groups	
									in RSSP Sites	1
				İ	İ				2) 67,296 T in	1
				İ	İ				Season A2015	
				İ	İ		1			1
				1	ĺ				and 39,480 T in	İ
				1	ĺ				Season B2015	İ
				1	ĺ				have been made	İ
				1	ĺ				by farmer groups	İ
				ĺ	1				in LWH Sites	
	2 : Research and	Seed development	Number of new	Wheat :	7 varieties selected		-			
		Seed development								
	Technology Transfer			4 varieties selected						
	Advsory Services		(which are high-							
	and		yielding, low-external							1
	Professionalization		inputs, pest-							
	of Farmers		resistant and climate							
			adapted crops)							
										1
				Maize:	15 inbrelines					
				5 inbrelines						1
				Irish potato:	3 new varieties					i
				40 clones under	released					
				trials	1,200,000 minitubes					
					produced					
				Soybean :	30 varieties					İ
				18 varieties						İ
				selected						<u> </u>
				Cassava:	3 new varieties					
				23 clones under	released					1
				trials	1					
				Banana:	80 ha established					
				1,683 ha with	110,000 banana					1
				improved variety	plantlets					
				5,000 grafted	25,000 grafted	1	 		1	
				seedlings of	seedlings of					İ
					-					ļ
				Coffee:	5 tons of clean					
				5 tons of clean	coffee seeds					
				coffee seeds	produced					
				produced						
				Tea:	5 clones per tea					
				65 clones	agro-ecological					
				1	zone					
			Number of bamboo		4 bamboo species		4 Bamboo species	100%	Bambusa	
			species	İ	1		namely Bambusa	1	vulgaris which is	
			' ' ' ' ' '	İ	İ		vulgaris , Bambusa		the control	1
				1	ĺ		textilis , Dendrocalamus		followed by	İ
				İ	İ		barbatus, Arundinalia		Bambusa textillis	
				İ	İ		alpina were established			
				İ	İ				adapt well	
				İ	İ		in 3 sites			
I				-	i	l	-			1

Outcom	ne II : Imp	roved p	oost harvest mar	nagement and	agro processing prom	otion				
	pment Se	ector	Market nfrastructure Havervest Systems	Magament	warehouses constructed and rehabilitated (asbestos removed)		constructed at cooperative level			
							96 MCCs constructed in hub model			
					2. Number of projects wich intervene in low carbon system(Forest, biogas system, cooking stoves,)		100 Flexi Biogaz	100 Flexi Biogaz supplied and installed.	44,380,000	Done by MINAGRI project- KIREHE COMMUNITY- BASED WATERSHED MANAGEMENT PROJECT (KWAMP)
							5 Solar energy for MCC to run cooler system purchased and installed.	1) Technical evaluation of the bids is under process 2) Tender document is under process.		Done by Done by MINAGRI /Post- Harvest and Agribusiness Support Project (PASP) and Adaptation for Smallholder Agriculture Programme Grant (ASAP)
							300,000 Hermetic bags	TORs were developed	450,000,000	This is one of main activities for the component of Post-harvest climate resilient agri-business investment support (Done by PASP-ASAP)
					Number of EIA study conducted for feeder roads	100 Km	372 Km feeder roads rehabiliated and 432 km maintained			Not maintined in the SAP

O INCOACTOUCTUDE/Uzzzina										
2.INFRASTRUCTURE/Housing	0				2.4					
		d access to basic infrastructure		EDPRS II Strategic C	Jutcome 8)					
	URBANIZATION, HOUSING AND GOVERNMENT ASSETS MANAGENMENT		Number of EIA study conducted for construction of administrative complex							
			development of the Housing Policy.	Development of the policy started	Development the implementing guidelines for the Housing Policy.					EA study not nentioned
			A Rwanda construction industry policy enforced	Policy adopted by the cabinet	industry policy implemented to all professionnals within the construction					EA study not nentioned
	Outcome 21 improved	Efficiency in management of g	overnement asset wa	uka apaga and inner	industry	olio boolth				
	Outcome 3. Improved	I management of g								
			Number of m2 of asbestos removed and replaced	400,000	277,000	m ⁻	not reported		N	lo annual report
			A fire safety code and its enforcement elaborated	50% fire safety code and its enforcement	final report approved		not reported		N	lo annual report
			number of interim land fills for solid	cooperatives for solid waste and management staff of co- operatives trained	interim land fill const completed		not reported			lo annual report
			Number of central government builidings inspected	on best practices 40 central governement buildings inspected	80 Government Buildings inspected		not reported		g b ir re	or annual report overnment uilidings aspected for shabilitation or emollition
	Outcome 4: Well-cool	dinated urban, rural settlement	development planning	, green urban growth	n and an innovative con	struction sector				ome man
		Urban Planning and Development	Number of priority sites upgraded	Study for profiling and mechanisms for informal settlements upgrading completed	Construction of 2 green model villages (Gasura and Kabyaza) in Nyabihu District		not reported		th ir ra h s	construction of the 200 houses acluding sinwater arvesting systems, owsheds, biogas
			Private Sector mobilized on Urbanization through Campaigns	A campaign for mobilizing private sector on urbanization Organized	One week of Urbanization campaign Prepared and Private Sector mobilized in all Districts		not reported			
			Green City development framework and guideline establishe	secondary cities identified	Green City' framework and guideline National Roadmap on the secondary city		not reported	81	fr g ir s c 2 R s	Green City' amework and uideline fitting to Rwandan econdary city ontext available; National oadmap on the econdary city evelopment eveloped
			Number of cities beautified and greened	Detailled Greening and beautification plans for Rulindi and Ngororero available	20 % of works for Greening and beautification completed.		not reported			
			number of staff trained on the concept of green economy	atleast 5 staff members trained for each member agency and District	Q1-Q2:Train staff of government ministries Q3-Q4:Train staff from each district		not reported		ir S n M D	EMA was not net net net net net net net net net ne

INFRASRTUCTURE/ENERGY ((Rwanda Energy Group Limited (REG Ltd)										
oroug Immod (NEO Im)	Outcome 4: Incre	ased electricity generation (from t	he current 110.8 MW t	o 563 MW by 2017)	and divesrification of	energy source				
	ENERGY	Electricity Generation	Investment in Peat harvesting 134,000 T/a and sourcing of management company		At least 134,000 T/a are mined at an		Peat mining has been extended to a larger area with new equipment received on site.	50	5,150,128,470	
			Installed Power generation capacity of the second platform (25MW) of Methane gas extraction	Design from first platform available for possible replication to 2nd platform	Construction started & at 30%		ore.	80		Kivuwatt Methane Project (25 MW). Overall construction progress is now at an estimated 98.5%.
			Installed Power generation capacity/RUKARAR A V HPP					30		Delays of Financial Close by Hakan
			Micro hydro power plants/IPPs (from 43 MHPPs	Feasibility studies available	8.7 MW	MW	Feedback Infra/consultant submitted a revised interim report 1 on 29 th January 2015 and will submit interim report 2 by 13 th April,2015	20	2,609,967,724	The target was not met and the exercise is critical due to financial loss EUCL is incurring from the MHPPs. Hence the indicator is marked red
			Number of household solar home systems installed systems through MOBISOL- REG .	ACP/EU grant of 6 million Euros to a 2 year solar home systems project to be implemented by MOBISOL in partnership with REG.	1	НН	Delays caused by disbursement of first year (July 2014-July 2015) installment by EU.	30	92,000,000	
				An Independent Power Producer (IPP- Goldsol II) to build and own the 10MW solar plant has been obtained		MW	Gold sol submitted the revised final feasibility study report Gold sol is currently conducting the EIA.	10		Delays in PPA negotiations were caused by Gold sol's delay to finalize Feasibility study and submit EIA to REG/EDCL for approval.
			Wind power plant	MW (Wind potential assessment phase 1 available)	Wind atlas for Rwanda made available by the consultant by the end of the study	report				not mentioned in the SAP
			Geothermal exploration	Geological and surface survey	Ranking of all Rwandan geothermal prospects i.e. Kinigi, Gisenyi and Bugarama.	report	Agreement was signed with JICA for additional survey in Kinigi to start July 2015	50	17,743,329,721	exploration to the drilling phase in order to prove existence or no of the resource. Payment of previous exploration services at Karisimbi prospect.
			Importation of 30MW from Kenya through Uganda.	Technical negotiation meetings ongoing	Network reinforcement completed and importation started by end June 2015		Construction of 98km Mirama-Shango (220 kV) is on-going to enable importation of 30MW from Kenya from 4th October 2015.	70%		However trends to Q4 show that network reinforcement will not be completed to allow

					-		T	1	1	
		Electricity transmission, distribution & Connections	Number of Households connected to the new grid electricity	447,280 electricity connections (21% access).	50, 000 connections	HH	41000 connections	88%	,	targets and baselines in reporting are different from SAP
			Number of EIA study conducted for Electricity transmission, distribution & Connections							not mentioned in SAP
			Number of Env. Monitoring conducted on the site for Electricity transmission, distribution & Connections							not mentioned in SAP
			A hydro power master plan availabe	Draft TORs available	obtain a Rwanda hydro power master plan					
			SEA for Energy sector							not mentioned in the SAP
FUE	EL	Security of fuel supply	Construction of Eldoret-Kampala- Kigali pipeline started	FS for Eldoret- Kampala available. FS for Kampala- Kigali ongoing. Initial steps towards procurement of EPC to construct Eldoret- Kampalasection ongoing	Construction of Eldoret-Kampala section started FS for Kampala- Kigali section available					EIA not mentioned
Outo	tcome 4: : Promote	Sustainable use of Biomass re	esources							
	I	Institutional Biogas	Number of new institutional biogas plants constructed	4455 household and 83 institutional biogas plants	7,955 domestic and 98 new institutional biogas				1,818,800,000	Not reported
			70 kw Biomass Plant constructed	IPP signed PPA with EWSA	Plant completed latest April 2015					Not reported
			Number of biogas masons trained	350 biogas masons	Train 200 biogas masons					Not reported
			Number of additional domestic Biogas Plants disseminated	4,455 domestic biogas digesters	Subsidise and monitor the construction of 35,00 new domestic Biogas Plants countrywide					Not reported
		ICS (Improved cookstoves programme)	% of households using improved cook stoves	70%	100%					Not reported
			Awaresss created	3 awarness campaigns implemented	continuation of promotion and awareness campaigns					Not reported
		Feasibility & other key studies	Report on peat reserve potential	Peat Master Plan (1992/93) (needs to be updated)	Final peat reserve assessment report					Feasibility study for peat new sites in Northern provinc and Akanyaru
			Feasibility study report	Exploratory drilling ongoing since July 2013. Drilling of 3rd well at Karisimbi to be completed by July 2014						Feasibility study on Karisimbi Geothermal site undertaken after the Karisimbi well- testing
			Audit report and new plant design available. Technical assistance	Tender for consultant available						
			Wind potential assessment report for the 5 sites available	Wind potential asssessment phase 1 available	Wind potential asssessment phase Il report					Wind potential assessment on 5 sites including Lake Kivu areas, Karisimbi/Gishwa ti, Gicumbi area, Eastern and Western Provinces

INFRACRITICTURE/Motor and Conitation										
INFRASRTUCTURE/Water and Sanitation (Water & Sanitation Corporation Ltd (WASAC										
Ltd)										
Out	tcome 4: : Increased	d access to improved water an	d Sanitation							
Wat	ater and	Increase access to safe	Number of new		94.2 Km	km	31.647 Km	60		
San	nitation	drinking water	connections in	140, 000 Km						
		_	Urban areas	connections in						
				Urban areas						
			Number of new	10,791km of water	206 km	km		60		
			people supplied with	supply schemes						
			clean drinking water	functional						
			in Rural areas							
			Number of new		170,660	people		70		
			people supplied with	71% (6,493,778						
			clean drinking water	people)						
			in Rural areas							
			% of rural and urban							
			households having							
			rain water collection							
			and rain water							
			drainage systems.							
			Hygienne and	No of community	Need assessment				Rural Water	
			sanitation promoted	trained	completed				Supply and	
			in Kayonza,						Sanitation Project	
			Nyagatare and							
			Nyanza	D . "	0		0		0 . " .	
		Increase access to basic	Nii	Detailed design available	Contractor available		Contract is not yet		Centralized	
	3	sanitation facilities	Number of	avaliable			signed, this has been		sewerage system	
			Centralized				delayed due to the issuance of AfDB non		for Kigali project	
			sewerage system constructed				objection which took			
			constructed				longer,			
			% in study progress	Progress at 20%	Study Completed at		The study is at 80%.		Conduct a study	
			or the construction	1 10gress at 2076	100%		The study is at 00%.		for the	
			of Kigali Faecal		10070				construction of	
			Sludge treatment						Kigali Faecal	
			Plant						Sludge treatment	
									Plant	
			% of sanitation						Conduct	
			facilities having						Sanitation Master	
			included EIA in their						Plan Studies in	
			feasibility studies						the Districts of	
			•						Muhanga, Huye,	
									Rwamagana,	
									Musanze,	
									Rubavu, Rusizi	
									and Nyagatare	
			Incenerator and		execution at 0%	Construction			Contsruction of	
			Landfill constructed	works		completed at			public incinerator	
						100%			and landfill for the	
									City of Kigali	

Infrastructure/ Transport										
	Outcome 5: Improve	d and sustained quality of ro	ad network							
	34.5 Km of Paved road rehabilitated	Road infrastructure and Safety	Number of Km rehabilitated	241.2	137	km		75%		The indicators are limited on roads construction and rehabilitation (by RTDA) and transport
			Improved infrastructure, such as road surface, both increases efficiency and improves resilience to climatic events	117.7 Km	238.8 Km	km		66%	2,666,152,000	Construction of the roads and 3 ports at Kivu belt
	Outcome 6: Integrate	ed Urban roads with PT and I	NMT facilities with p	rovisions for disab	e access created					
		Road infrastructure and	Number of km of	ln .	1.5 Km	km				Improve riding
		Safety	integrated roads created	U	1.5 KIII	KIII				quality and LoS for Road Network
			% of Road infrastructure projects having included EIA in their feasibility studies							not indicated in the SAP
	Improved the efficien	ncy of Vehicles carbon emm								
Information METEO		Improved the efficiency of Vehicles carbon emmission	Number of emission testers	2 Emission tests	3 new additional Emission tests				56,000,000	
Infrastructure/METEO										
	Outcome 1 : Improve	d safety of life and property	through better appl	ication of weather,	water and climate	warnings and fo	precasts			
	Early Warning System		Number of generated early warning messages	pilot districts	Automatic warning system with integrated SADIS/Radar					
		d socio-economic sustainable		ugh better use of in	formation services	on weather, wa	ter and climate.			
	Meteorological Research	Research on rwandan climate and climate change.	Number of studies undertaken.	Limited research activities on climate.	Extensive study for assessing economical benefits of meteorology.					
			Number of early warning publications on disaster							

3.ENR									
J.LITT	Outcome 1: Optimise	d land utilization and impro	ved land administra	tion systems					
	Sustainable Land Use Management	Land Tenure and administration system	Number of registered parcels and leases issued	8.4million parcels	9.1 Million Titles	8,604,407	60	295,344,495	
			Number of Districts using LAIS in One Stop Centre		LAIS operationalized in 17 Districts	All 30 districts are connected to LAIS and all district land officials were given access to LAIS (credentials).	100	150,000,000	
		integrated Approach to Planning and Sustainable Land Use Management	Number of district urban plans developed in accordance with national land use and development master plan.	3 districts	30 District urban plans developed and validated	16 District land use plans were approved and validated by district councils	60	27,000,000	
			Legislation tool developed to support SEA Number of SEA conducted for Kigali	SEA guidelines	SEA legal instrument produced	The draft ministerial order on SEA produced		10,300,000	SEA Not planned
			City Master plan, Rehabilitation of degraded						
	Outcome 2: Increase	d level of Green Investments	ecosystems through Improved	Environment Mana	agement and reduct	ion of Vulnerability and Climate Chang	e impacts		
		Environment, water and forestry regulatory framework streamlined and enforced	Number of policy, guidelines, ministerial orders, laws produced or	0 guidelines	3 Guidelines			4,500,000	
			reviewed Number of catchment committees established	0 catchment	3 catchment			26,700,000	
			Annual ENR Statistical Report	Non-existence of Annual ENR Statistical Report	3 statistical reports	Mining statistical data is collected and analyzed from ENR civil/private societies.	80	23,274,900	Strengthen and
			Number of others stakeholders that mainstreamed green Economy into action plan	Green economy mainstreamed into the action plans	Participate in Natural Capital Accounting (NCA) framework designed and implemented	Green Economy templates have been designed, M&E expert in place and RBM Firm to be in place by Mid- April. Green Economy Steering Committee (GESC) composed of high level leadership in place.	90		Strengmen and follow the Green Economy Steering Committee (GESC)
			% of sectoral policies, strategies & budgets that reflect environmental sustainability principles	53% (8 Sectors : Agriculture, Energy, local government, water, mining, public finance, education, health	Toutil, Privi, JRLO)	100 % achieved	100	22,500,000	
		sources managed in a susta							
	Integrated Water Resource Management		Final Master Plan report	Final Exploratory report	Water Resources Master Plan Report elaborated	Final Water Resources Master Plan is available	100		
			Real time monitoring Equipmentent		10 Gauging stations	Hydrological equipment for 16 stations have been received.	70		
			Number of households equipped with rainwater harvesting systems through the scheme		740	127 water tanks have been installed. 2,093 loan applications submitted.			
			Volume of rainwater harvesting tanks	RV3CBA project docu	450 M ³ of rainwater harvesting tanks installed	Study ongoing	60		

· ·	Outcome 3: Ecosyste	m and forestry resources inc	creased and sustaina	ıbly managed to o	ptimize their econor	mic as well as e	cological function			
	Sustainable forestry, agroforestry and		Ha of forest created	673,516 ha	694,673 hectares	ha	711,507 hectares	90		
	Biomass		National forest	0	Draft report on national forest					
			inventory Number of ha of degraded forest	1034 ha	inventory 2070	ha	2,234	70		
			plantations rehabilitated to improve Productivity							
			No of ha of planted forest cared for							
	Outcome 4: Improved	d environment management	t and vulnerability to	climate change in	mpact reduced					
			Number of people trained on environment and climate change mainstreaming.	20,219	20,500		20,575 persons trained	100	16,902,000	
			Number of climate change risk zone map developed	0	1 map		The tender has started for the preparation of the climate change risk zone map.		5,118,000	
			Number of produced toolkits for upscaling green and resilient village		1 Toolkit for up scaling green and resilient village		The inception report has been presented. field data collection is ongoing.			
			Number of environmental audits conducted	20 Env. Audits	35 Env. Audits		28 Env. Audits			
	Outcome 5:Efficient a	and sustainable mineral exp	oloration and exploit	ation promoted						
	Climate Compatible Mining		Number of EIA study conducted for mining projects							most of indicator are based on Mineral productivity
	Mineral productivity sustainably raised		Total annual production (Cassiterite, Coltan and Wolfram in tonnes) of mineral concentrate per year	USD 226M	182 M USD		142.8 M USD			producting
			Number of small scale mining companies and cooperatives trained in exploration and mining techniques and managerial skills.	40 small scale mining companies and cooperatives already trained.	60 Small scale mining companies (cumulative) and co- operatives trained.		292 were trained	100		
			% of mine sites inspected at least once per year based on national and ICGLR standards	60 % at national standards and 10% ICGLR Standards	85%		85% of mine sites inspected and monitored	100		
			Draft plan to identify target areas for possible drilling of exploration well	Upstream Petroleum policy in place	Initiate Identification of probable site for drilling and exploration well		Engaged a company to carry out the integration of all existing petroleum exploration data to help in the tendering of future exploration activities			
			SEA for Petroleum policy							not planned

4.Public Finance Management										
	ECONOMIC PLANNING	NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT COORDINATION AND MONITORING	Budget Call Circular	2014/15 Budget Call Circular	2014/15 Planning and Budget Call Circular prepared	2 PBCC (1st and second) prepared	Guidelines for environment and climate change mainstreaming into the Public investment are annexed to the 2015/16 Budget Call circular.	1	259 050 000	Guidelines were updated and disseminated to MDAs during national planning with specific actions to be mainstreaimed in 2015/2016 FY
Financial sector (MINECOFIN, BNR,RRA,RSSB,CI		POLICY ANALYSIS and Research	Proportion of Natural resources Capital as a % of GDP	To be determined	To be determined	TB	Natural capital Accounting and Wealth Accounting and the Valuation of Ecosystem services is being developed with the support of WB NCA technical team, a SC is on board to coordinate these activities and WB technical mission is in Rwanda from may 3rd to 16 th to advance progress on developing the first draft of Land Accounts.	80%	TB (WB fund)	Land and water accounts will be devoloped in 2 fiscal years timeframe (2014-2016) according to the NCA draft workplan. RNRA should be custodian in reporting and providing related data.
	ECONOMIC, SOCIAL AND DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS	ECONOMIC STATISTICS	% Cost of climate change impacts and environmental degradation on GDP	from soil erosion	ТВ	%	Trend was not reported by NISR in the 2014 statistical yearbook. Consultation with NISR is needed to integrate it in the Environment and climate change related indicators to be updated annually.	40%	2 767 904 958	This issue should be raised for consideration in future statistical yearbook edition to NISR .
	INTERNAL RESOURCE MOBILISATION	DOMESTIC TAX	Percentage of net tax revenue from environment and climate change (Taxes/charges -subsidies/exemptions) in the total amount of tax collected	ТВ	ТВ	%	Tax revenues are not disaggregated to this level .	40%	821 409 562	Consultation with RRA is needed guide the mainstreaming on E&Co related indicator in the tax revenue data reporting.
	RESOURCE MOBILIS.	RESOURCE MOBILISATION	Share of Environmental protection and climate change investments (%) in the total ODA disbursed as a % of GDP.	ТВ	ТВ	%	ODA report for 2014/15 FY is not yet released	50%		rate (% change) and per capita ODA is not disagreggated at sector level. available data is comparative only at national and international level. Consultationwith Development Partners and Extern Finance U is needed to discuss the feasibility and relevancy availing such data in the future ODA FY reports.

5.Private Sector Development and Youth								
1								
	Outcome 8: Increased National income							
	outcome of increased National Income							
(PSF, RDB, MINICOM,MYICT)	Investment Promotion and Business Facilitation	Value of total investment attracted in all sectors	\$1.4 billion registered in 2013	Private investments worth \$1.23 billion attracted (Agriculture, Tourism, ICT Manufacturing, Education, Energy, Mining, Construction)				
	Registered projects operationalized	% of registered projects that are operational	52% of projects registered between 2010 - 2012 are operational	70% of projects registered between 2011 – 2013 operationalized				
	Business Registration, Advisory & Facilitation services improved (DE ranking improved)							
		% of registered projects that comply with EIA regulations						
	Rwanda Special Economic Zones		Regulatory framework					
		Finalized Legal Instruments	finalized	Q1: Establish SEZ				
		Number of construction permits issued		One Stop Shop				
		Progress of the One Stop Shop		Q2 - Q4:				
				40 construction permits Issued				
				Marketing program for services (Kivu belt, Kigali technopole and logistics park) developed				
	Outcome 9: Empowered and transformed communities	through improved access to information and service:	s using ICT	l e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e				
	Development of ICT in public sector	Percentage of individual with mobile broadband subscription	24%	35%	%	28%		Not indicated
		Percentage of mobile cellular telephone subscriptions.	66%		%	71%		
		Computer literacy rate for the population aged 15 years and above.	15%	: 22%	%	Official opening for tender on National Digital Literacy Policy was conducted on 8th April 201		Not indicated
	Development of ICT in public sector	% of public institutions having access to electronic waste treatment facilities.						Not indicated

	Outcome 10: Obsole	te electronic equipments are safely a	and environmentally friendly collected, recycled an	d disposed and green job	s created					
		E-WASTE MANAGEMENT PROJECT			<u> </u>				9,908,867	
		E-WASTE MANAGEMENT PROJECT							9,906,007	
			Availability of the National e-waste strategy, policy and regulation	Draft policy and law of e-	Q2: E-waste strategy ,revised policy and law					
			regulation	waste available	availaible					
			Availability of a detailed inventory report on e-waste situation	Pre-assessment report	Q3: Detailed inventory report available					
			situation		, ,					
									16,080,000	
			Number of environmental friendly facilities established	'	Q3:4 collection centers				16,080,000	
			(disaggregated by capacity)		Q4: 1 Dismantling facility					
			a. collection centres							
			b. dismantling facility							
			Quantity of E-waste collected		0 Q4: 216 tonnes				25,125,000	
			Quantity of E-waste recovered as secondary		0 Q 4 : 10 tonnes				8,207,500	
	Outcome 11: Exports	of goods and Sonious to EAC and n	resources est of the world to grow at 28% p.a (EDPR II – Econo	omic Transformation TA)		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
	Outcome 11. Exports		est of the world to grow at 20% p.a. (EDI KII – Econo	onne transionnation (A)						
		Sustainable Tourism and Wildlife		Forest is demarcated and						
		Conservation	Gishwati forest protected and offering tourism activities	protected	Q1- Q3: Purchase of field equipment					
-			Biological Research Center operational	Basic equipment available	Management plan and zoning plan					
<u> </u>			biological Research Center Operational		O1 O2: Project profile documents and					
				Gorilla excavation maintaine	d feasibility studies developed					
-	1			1	reasibility studies developed					
					Q1_Q4: Biological samples collected,					
					labeled and coding					
					and Equipment purchased					
			Number of cases related to illegal trade in protected							
			species registered							
		Green Industry and Private Sector								
		Development	Number of private investors involved in environmental							
			management.							
			inanagement.							
			Number of off-farm SMEs created around protected areas							
			and degraded areas.							
I			Number of companies investing in cleaner production							
I			N							
			Number of industries monitored for GHG emissions,							
I			water and energy usage and proper waste management							
	0.1		No. of greened SEZ in place							
	Outcome 11: Promot	ted Youth Economic Empowerment for	or Sustainable Development							
		Youth Entrepreneurship					1		14,900,000	
I	and Skills	-								
I	Development		Number of Youth entreprenerial initiative suppoerted							
I				17	7 377					
				17	3//				250,000,000	
			Number of off-farm job created						.,,	
					100000	off farm jobs				
·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·		

				2. Social	Sectors cluster					
Sector Ministry	Programme	Sub Programme	Indicators	Baseline	Targets 2014/2015	Unit of measurement	Status of implementation / achievements	Percentage (%)	Allocated Budget	Observation
6. Health Sector (MoH, RBC)										
, , ,	Outcome 9: Increase and business environ	ed percentage of private Sec	ctor investments to 0	SDP from 10% to	20% and reduced cost	of doing busine	ess in Rwanda by enha	ancing infrastructure facilities	s	
	Maternal and Child	Maternal and child health								
	Health	improvement	health facilities The number of							the number of meternal deaths
			maternal deaths							the number of maternal deaths appears to have been reduced significantly.
			Number of deaths for children under 5 years							The top five main causes of child deaths include respiratory infections, septicemia, malaria, pathologies associated with malnutrition, and complicated diarrhoea.
		Family planning and reproductive health	the % of women between 15-45 years using modem contraceptive menthod							Non available report for 2014/2015
			Number of strategic plan							Non available report for 2014/2016
	Disease Control and Prevention	Expanded program for immunization	% Children immunized measles							Non available report for 2014/2017
			<1 yr (HMIS) Number of strategic plan							Non available report for 2014/2018
			Number of Long Lasting Insecticide Net (LLIN) distributed							Non available report for 2014/2019
			Proportion of delivaries in Heath facilities (DHs, RHs)							Non available report for 2014/2020
	Health Promotion & Environmental Health	Promotion of hygiene and environmental health	Number Hygiene inspection conducted							Non available report for 2014/2021
			Prevalence rate of water borne diseases (diarrhea, cholera, meningitis							Non available report for 2014/2022
		Waste management	% of health centers, Hospitals equipped with incinerators	i						Non available report for 2014/2023
			Number of trained individuarl or environmental health prevention	i 1						Non available report for 2014/2024
		Improved control and prevention of respiratory diseases for worker exposed on air pollution.	related respiratory							Non available report for 2014/2025
		Natural disasters and emergency environmental health intervention.								Non available report for 2014/2026

5.Education Sector (MINEDUC, REB, WDA,									
ILIS, HEC NIRDA)	Outcome 1: Increase	l ed equitable access to 9 year	 rs basic education fo	r all children, and	expanding access	l to 12 years ba	sic education		
		Pre-Primary, Primary,	Number of schools					1 246 445 345	The EIA study could mitigation on
		Lower Secondary, Upper Secondary Education						1,240,440,040	negative impact on environment related to school construction
			Number of greened Early Childhood Development Center (ECD) established						The constructed classroom should be greened with rain water haversting, hygiene and watste management materials.
			Number of new classrooms for 12 YBE established with EIA study Number of greened						Not indicated in the SAP and annual rport
			schools						
		School Health and Environment	Policy and Strategic Plan translated and	policy and its Strategic Plan in place	3000 copies of School health policy and strategic plan multiplied and distributed to schools.			8,500,000	
			health and hygiene education programme implemented in		120 schools to be visited	schools			
			schools School health clubs monitored and Evaluated						not planned
			Number of teachers trained on HIV/AIDS, sexual reproductive Health, Environment and Climate change, and Nutrition		600 teachers				REMA should liase with MINEDUC to see how the existing Schools Environmental clubs were integrated in the School Health and Environment Program
			Number of Classrooms and latrines constructed Number of Schools (
			9 & 12 YBE)received hygiene facilities						
			Progress of 12 YBE schools' implementation evaluated	0	1 report			8,000,000	
			The environment factors in the quality of Education assessed		Visit 30 secondary schools by December 2014			4,000,000	

Education TVET schools constructed with EAA Study Study TVET burning T	T					1			
Constructed with EA study Number of curcicus developed for TVT. Number of programs construction and constr									EIA study not mentioned in the
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climate change		mainstreamed							
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8.Social Protection Sector (MIGEPROF, Gender Monitoring Office, National Women's Council, MINALOC									
Council, Minaleoc	Outcome 1: Family	wellbeing is improved							
		Family wellbeing	Number of Distrcts	Noza Imibanire	Noza Imibanire			66,000,000	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	reached in dessemination of Noza Imibanire training Module of 2013	training Module of 2013	training Module disseminated in all 30 Districts				
			Number of talk shows by quarter quaterly reports for Joint Action Plan against Malnutirition (JAPEM) available	2012/2013 reports	Enhance the knowledge of the population on improved diet and fight malnutrition through mobilizations, community outreach sessions, radio and TV talk shows			6,000,000	target not well formulated
			Number of villages in each district in which "umugoroba w'ababyeyi" operationalised	Umugoroba	Umugoroba w'Ababyeyi operationalised in 3465 Villages			14,500,000	
			Campaign conducted in high schools, universities, Youth public talk and debate, Radio and TV talk shows		Campaign agaist teeagage pregnanceis is conducted high schools, universities, Youth public talk and debate, Radio and TV talk shows			6,000,000	
			Number of Anti GBV committes strengthened		Anti GBV committees strengthened in 15 Districts			6,561,858	
			Report of anti- teenage pregnancy campaign produced	pregnancy campaign	Q3: Anti-teenage pregnancy campaign in 11 Districts (2 in each province and 3 in City of Kigali			2,000,000	
		Women empowement	Mid term evaluation repor of women and youth access to finance strategy number of Women's	0	Final version is developed			10,000,000	Not planed
			organisations trained on Env. &CC issues						Not planed
	Outcome 2: Improve	d Targeting and Effectivene	ss of Social Protection	on Interventions					
		Social protection	poverty covered by VUP DS.	covered by DS.	O1: Targeting list established and approved; Q2 - Q4: Financial support provided.	1)Targeting list for new Direct Support Support beneficiary Sectors established and approved by JADF at Sector levels. 2)RWF 4,829,926 were paid to 85,1140 (56,643 females & 28,471 males) HHs beneficiaries from July to December 2014.	76	11,818,899,297	
			New Ubudehe categories data in place.		Q1: Testing new Ubudehe categories; Q2: Training and awareness campaign; Q3-Q4: Data collection and validation.	Draft data analysis reports for 3 out of 5 piloting Districts namely Gisagara, Nyarugenge and Rutsiro were produced and ready to inform Ubudehe categorization roll out process; Ubudehe categorization roll out plan and roadmap was developed	80	166,425,000	

				3. Governance	Sectors cluster	,				
Sector Ministry	Programme	Sub Programme	Indicators	Baseline	Targets 2014/2015	Unit of measurement	Status of implementation / achievements	Percentage (%)	Allocated Budget	Observation
9. Decentralisation Sector (MINALOC, RGB)	Outcome 1: Comm	unity Development and Loca	l Economic Develop	ment Strategy mon	itored.					
		Households settlement in Imidugudu in rural areas	living in grouped settlement	1				81.30%		
			% of household living in planned village	1					6,500,000	
			% of households relocated from high risk zones							No baseline and target
			Number of new IDP model villages established;					100%	6,500,000	
			Number of post- Nyakatsi families benefiting from social protection programmes.	1				80%	9,800,000	
	Outcome 2: Streng	gthened planning, coordination		ral and Local Gove	rnment Level.			<u> </u>		
		Local Governmen Planning	t Coordination and monitoring report.	DDPs.	Q2: Design a monitoring and evaluation framework of DDPs. Q3-Q4: Implementation ol DDPs monitoring and evaluation framework.		Concept note for the evaluation of the implementation of the DDPs developed. DDPs are under review.	82%	4,847,000	indicator not wel forumlated
			Number of Env. & CC issues for each District integrted in DDPs and Imihigo	1			Supporting the Integration of Greening District Development Plans			Project ID: 01.6/07/2014-MINALOC FRWA
			Number of Districts having revised DDPs		Review DDPs to integrate EDPRS priorities and targets by March 2015			80	73,348,000	
			Number of project proposal for each District on green and climate resilience					OL		
			Number of adaptation projects developed and funded for each affected regions					Districts Development Plans (DDPS)	;	
	Outcome 3: Enhan	ced Community and Local Ed	•							
			1)Umuganda activities integrated in the District Planning and budgeting.; 2)Best practices in Umuganda awarded.	in in District planning and budgeting; 2)Umuganda	Q1-Q2: Umuganda activities in District planning and budgeting integrated; Q4: Umuganda competitions held and best performers awarded.		Umuganda activities are integrated in District plans and budgets as they are annexed to the budget law for FY2014/15. Umuganda competition to be hold in Q4.			The contribution of Umuganda activities to the national Budget is estimated to RWF 15 billion. Budget requests from FONERWA/year:2014-2015
			Number of CSOs empowered	6 CSOs	20 CSOs			100		

10. Justice, Reconciliation Law and Order M	INIJUST, NURC)							
		ss to quality justice (EDPRS 3.6)						
		- du .	1 1		<u> </u>	I		
	Legisl							
	jurispr	rudence related to nature	aı					
	-	resources solved Number of case	ne 15 573 cases		45,285 cases were	85%		
		handled by Abunzi	10,070 00000		received and handled by	0378		
		% change in case	20		Abunzi. Among of them			
		entering courts			36,940 (81.6%) were			
		cincing counts			civil cases;			
					8,345(18.4%) were			
					penal cases. Mediation			
					committees,			
					36,441cases were			
					mediated and closed at			
					Abunzi Level, and 4594			
					cases were mediated			
					but continued into the			
					formal courts.			
	Outcome 2: ENHANCED RU	LE OF LAW, ACCOUNTABILITY & COMPE	ETITIVENESS (SSP e.4					
		Nio -z i	ol Eviating	1	Out of 104 i	000/		
		N° of legi	al Existing inventory		Out of 194 implementing	66%		
		instrument drafted	of Rwanda laws and list of		legal instruments being			
					followed up for drafting,			
]	prioritized legal		111 have been drafted,			
			instruments that		representing (57.2%),.,			
			need reform and/or		Four out of Six laws to			
			drafting		be initiated have been			
					drafted, indicating			
					66.6% of the laws to be			
					drafted.			
	Rule o	of Law N° of laws drafted for	or		Stakeholder			
	Kule C	harmonization			consultations and			
		purposes			analysis of some laws			
		puiposes			and implementing			
					instruments requiring			
					reform and drafting			
					already done.			
		N° of laws revise	nd		alleady dolle.			
		and indexed						
		Reports of La	w					
		revision an						
		Harmonization						
		projects' feasibilit	ty					
		studies available						
		Number of law	/s 9	3				
		implementing th			1			
		organic law	of					
		environment	1		1			
		gazetted.						
		Nr of laws propose						
		for revision and Nr	of					
	<u> </u>	laws revised						
	Impro							
	accou	ntability corruption case treated	es					
			ts 6 periodic reports		Assssment of	80	-	the remaining recommendatron
						1		
			on human Rights Instruments due,		implementation of 67 recommantions made			will be implemented in December 2015
		on	Instruments due, 2013-2014					2010
]	2013-2014		byHuman Rights Watch in 2011			
	Unity	and Reconciliation Number of Env.	2		III ZUI I			some Env. & CC related activities
	J John S	CC topics integrate			1			were implemented but no
		in the NUR						integrated in the planning ar
		National Itorei						reporting
		inational Italia	· ·	1	1	1	1	reporting
		programs						